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The Pittsburgh Gazette.

GENERAL NEWS.

IOWA contains over 8,000 Friends.

MOBILE is to make its own ice this summer.

TERRE HAUTE wants to be the national capital.

MAINE has spent $21,000,000 for its 672 miles of railway.

NILSSON is driving a hard bargain with manager Palmer.

WILLIAM CULLEN BRYANT is said to be worth $500,000.

LYDIA THOMPSON has made $70,000 since she left New York.

A BUFFALO paper heads its court reports, "Halls of Justice."

THE Chinese are buying real estate extensively in San Francisco.

THE Spring style of gentlemen's hats is said to be of monstrous size.

MOBILE is eating sparingly of strawberries at two dollars a quart.

"JOLLIFICATION" is the name of a new town in Newton county, Me.

QUEEN VICTORIA has saved up $10,000,000 for that "second husband."

FAT DOGS are worth $10 per dog in Texas since the Chinese came there.

IT is said that there is no holier spot of ground than a petroleum oil district.

CAPT. MAYNE REID'S magazine has exploded; "Onward" has gone upward.

SPIRITUALIST HOME'S public readings in London are said to be only "medium."

AUBER is writing another opera, like fifteen or twenty others, his "very last."

A NEW HAVEN man has half a million of young trout in a hatching pond in his cellar.

WHO is the first carpenter mentioned in the Bible? Pharaoh, who made Joseph a ruler.

THE prices talked of for ice next season have produced a sensible coolness everywhere.

LET California look out for itself. The Boston Board of Trade is going there in a body.

THE city of New Bedford, Mass., is suffering from the misfortune of an empty treasury.

A NEW YORK COUPLE, to be married in March, are already rehearsing the ceremony.

A LITTLE cake dipped in sherry wine will, it is said, restore the lost voice of a canary bird.

ARMY officers can have kindling wood served to them hereafter as a part of the regular ration.

A WISCONSIN FIRM is making 1000 lbs. of sugar a day from a farm of eighty acres of beets.

THE Troy *Times* thinks the votes o colored men may decide the next Presidential election.

MARYLAND has a State Inebriate Asylum. It is connected with the State Lunatic Asylum.

WYOMING COUNTY, N. Y., produces 2000 tons of cheese, which is a miley amount, altogether.

THE Princess de Metternich has written her "memoirs," not to be published until after her death.

VICTORIEN SARDOU'S next historical drama in Paris will put Washington and Lafayette on the stage.

FIFTY girls are wanted in a match factory at Oshkosh, Wisconsin. You can't make matches without girls.

THE Irish societies of New York are already making preparations for the celebration of St. Patrick's day.

THERESA has refused an offer of 70,000 francs and expenses, for a six months' engagement in the United States.

THE "oldest Freemason" has again turned up in the person of a Connecticut landlord, named Howell, aged 93.

IT is found profitable to send prairie chickens from Iowa and Nebraska by rail to California in the refrigerating cars.

THE Legislature of Louisiana on Friday adjourned over till Monday, in honor of the memory of Abraham Lincoln.

A NEW ORLEANS bigamist makes defence that he married his second wife in a fit of insanity. His first wife is very mad, too.

PRINCE BONAPARTE is said to be despondent. He looks forward to "five years' seclusion" as a punishment for his recent murder.

THE subject of Dr. Mary Walker's lecture before the Senate is supposed to be either Pant-ology or Pant-he-ism.—*N. Y. Times.*

SOME one tells of a Washington girl who wouldn't waltz with Prince Arthur, on principle. That was a prince he had never heard of.

THE recent decision of the Supreme Court touching the Legal Tender Act, has touched a good many people in their most tender spot.

A CINCINNATI confidence man paid his board bills for several weeks by courting the landlady, but defaulted just before the promised wedding.

THE Prussian House is to vote by electricity. The machine allows no dodging, for it shows to all the House which way each member votes.

A GEORGIA editor speaks of the ingratitude that "falls like a drop of acid into the milk of human kindness and turns it into acrid clabber."

SEVERAL large ocean steamers are rotting at the docks in Jersey City and Hoboken. Two of three have been "laid up" for a year or more.

MISS ROPY HOLLAND has been voted the handsomest girl in Marion, Illinois. Of what Christian name can "Ropy" be the fashionable contraction?

TRAVELLERS in Australia carry a small syringe full of ammonia, with a sharp point, to prick a vein and inject their circulation in case of snake bite.

SADNESS, a Boston writer thinks, belongs especially to idle people, to professional humorists, whose business it is to make others laugh, and to egotists.

AN Illinois woman, who wanted to go to a masquerade party as Mary Queen of Scots, looked through the Bible to ascertain how the character was dressed.

A NORTH CAROLINA editor complains that a certain New York danseuse makes more with her heels than he does with his head. Doubtless they are better educated.

THE Spanish crown jewels have not been heard from, but recently the colony in Paris has been exercised about the sale of two magnificent diamonds for $900,000.

A SERVANT girl in Troy, in the habit of pilfering her employer's liquor, drank bug poison by mistake the other day, and, ashamed to confess her mistake, met the fate of the bugs.

A SALOON keeper on the banks of the Ohio has a special lot in the cemetery in which he buries such unfortunate customers as may tumble into the river on their way home.

HENRY WARD BEECHER says: "I heartily believe in judicious flagellation;" but he considers the rod a "choice dainty, and, like blessing, to be used rarely, and then heartily laid on."

A LADY of New York to whom Mrs. Stowe sent her "Vindication," with the compliments of the author, returned the volume with the indorsement: "Life is too short—excuse me."

AN Illinois dairy convention has discussed the wickedness of making cheese on Sunday. A constitutional amendment is proposed, making it illegal for cows to give milk on Sunday.

HERR KIMBALL'S forty-two children are arming themselves to resist the collection of tax on their deceased father's property. A division of troops will march upon their encampment.

THE Council of Sandusky, Ohio, hesitates to pay the bill of a clergyman for preaching the funeral sermon of a negro who died of small pox. The sum of $2.50 was considered too high.

A RICH man of Nashville closes his will with the provision that none of the bequests shall be paid until a "nice monument" is put up over his grave. There will be a lively marble cutting in Nashville.

THAT London medical student who is now in prison for highway robbery in the antiquated horseback style of Dick Turpin, recently undertook to dig out of his cell, but failed in this as in the other asenation.

A GENTILE writes from Salt Lake City that the Mormon girls don't agree with the old wives of Brigham and his elders, but ape the girls of the period in manner and dress, and dream of a Gentile lover and an escape from polygamy.

J. A. MARSHALL is the last man who first discovered gold in California, and as he is old and feeble and compelled to work for his board and clothes, a Colorado paper calls upon all the miners to "make up a fifty cent contribution for him."

AS an inducement to Yankee immigration, it is averred that the wars and executions have so thinned out the men in Mexico that the young women of that country, many of whom are of great beauty, have hardly a hope of marrying.

A DRUNKEN drayman drove with a load of hams twenty-one times about a block in Cincinnati, one day last week, imagining that he was making a straight trip to market. That load traveled about seven miles before a policeman stopped its circuit.

JOHN H. GIHON, Esq., has resigned his position as private Secretary to the Governor to take effect on the 1st proximo. His place will be filled by Benjamin T. Lee, a brother in-law of Governor Geary. Mr. Gihon intends to start an independent daily newspaper in Harrisburg.

THEY had a hot time in Brigham Young's dominions yesterday, 14 inst. The election in Salt Lake City threatened to stir up the Saints and Sainteses considerably. Many of the Mormons united with the Gentiles—plating sin with gold, Brigham says—and it was doubted who would be found among "the elect."

THE marriage of Miss Romaine Goddard with Mr. Overbeck, the Austrian Consul General to China, which was set for the 16th instant, has, for the fifth time, been postponed, and the anxious interested are once more in the dark on the subject. It is asserted, however, that the ceremony will be performed at some time during the month of March, when Mr. Overbeck, who is now *en route* for this country, will have arrived in Washington. Meanwhile, great preparations are going on for the wedding, Mons. Worth, the man-milliner of Paris, having in hand the bride's trousseau, which promises to be of the most complete and elegant description. Its cost is estimated by learned gossips to be about $4,000.

OHIO ITEMS.

MORGAN COUNTY is $285,000 in debt.

DAYTON had many highway robberies of late.

EDWIN FORREST is doing the small towns of Ohio.

A GANG of counterfeiters have been arrested at Columbus.

HUBBARD, Trumbull county, has 250 cases of scarlet fever.

WARREN has a population of 10,000, and pays no Youngstown.

A FARMER in Medina county killed eleven skunks last week.

TEN lottery dealers of Dayton have been arrested to secure revenue taxes.

FIFTY sheep were killed by dogs in Wheatland, Guernsey county, last week.

Two hundred new buildings were erected in Springfield last year, at a cost of $507,751.

LAST year Degraff, Logan county, spent $12,000 for drinks and $2,000 for churches, charities, etc.

HON. D. P. HAYNES, Judge of the Superior Court of Montgomery county, has resigned. Insufficient salary.

STOCK cattle advanced in the Columbus market last week one-half cent. per pound, selling readily at 5¼ and 6 cents.

SILAS BURNETT, Esq., of Hubbard, was badly bruised last week by having a saw log fall upon him while he was drawing it to the mill.

A GAY young teacher has been dismissed from a Hardin county district because his only punishment for unruly "big girls" was kissing.

MISS IDA PAINE, a daughter of Dr. Paine, of Youngstown, broke her leg on Thursday last by a fall. The patient is under the treatment of Dr. Fowler.

A WIDOWER in Muskingum county and his two sons married three sisters, all of whom have children by their respective husbands. What relation are their children?

THE Commissioners of Mahoning county are considering the question of erecting a new iron bridge over Mill Creek just beyond the city limits of Youngstown.

OHIO has now in its Capitol sixteen portraits in oil of its Governors, the latest being a portrait of Salmon P Chase, presented by one of the natives, and the largest and among the best in the collection.

THE liquor dealers of Marion have formed a "Protective Union," in which it is agreed to shut up the saloons at ten o'clock, P. M., and not to sell liquor to minors or persons in the habit of getting intoxicated.

THE Board of Public Works of Ohio estimate the cost of enlarging the Ohio canal, through its course, to a ship canal, at $37,064,000; enlarging the Miami and Erie to a ship canal, from Toledo to Cincinnati, $28,860,000.

THE young and pretty second wife of a farmer named Wm. Raynor, of Roseville, near Zanesville, eloped with a gay and handsome young man named McPherson, taking with her a good deal of ready cash. A warning to old men not to marry young girls.

LAST Monday Richard Rogge collected $800 or $400 from his fellow Germans in Toledo as advance pay to a theatre he was to have. The large audience waited and went home unsatisfied, because Rogge and his woman had flitted on the afternoon train.

THE Grand Jury of Lake county recommend that all demoralizing literature like the *Illustrated Police News* and *Police Gazette* be excluded from the county jail, and a copy of the Bible be furnished the prisoners. The Sheriff suggested that the Commissioners furnish a copy bound in iron.

THE certificate of incorporation of the Ashtabula, Youngstown and Pittsburgh Railroad Company was filed at the Secretary of State's office, last Friday. The road is to extend from Ashtabula to Youngstown, passing through the counties of Ashtabula, Trumbull and Mahoning. Capital, $1,000,000.

THE Sandy Creek Valley Mining Company, of Athens county, with one million dollars capital stock, was incorporated recently. The company is organized for the purpose of mining for coal, iron, fireclay, and boring for salt, and propose constructing a railroad through the mining lands of the company, commencing near Trimble, Athens county, and terminating on the Cincinnati and Zanesville railroad, near Lexington, Perry county.

THE Hubbard *Journal* says: "The iron ore mines of J. W. Leyde are about to be opened for the purpose of reaching the immense deposits of ore, with which the earth in this vicinity is teeming. Some of our readers are probably not aware of the fact that iron ore, in almost inexhaustible quantity, exists around our mineral bound village. Millions of tons of this treasure lie in territory now owned or leased by Mr. Leyde, and he intends to throw this upon the market as rapidly as possible. He has contracted with Messrs. Andrews & Hitchcock, of Youngstown, to deliver one thousand tons at their furnace in this place. Five entries have already been made on Mr. Leyde's farm, south of this village, and work will be commenced on Monday or Tuesday of next week."

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

HARRISBURG.

Pennsylvania Legislature.

SENATE: Pensions for Men of 1812—The Findlay-Scull Case. HOUSE: The Ohio River Resolutions—Mr. Walton's Side of the Story—Erie Canal Charter—The Appropriation Bill—More Investigation—The Alleged Fraud in Soldiers' Orphan Schools.

(Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18, 1870.

SENATE.

PENSIONS.

Mr. Lowry's resolution urging Congress to pass a law granting pensions to soldiers of 1812 and their widows was passed.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

By Mr. GRAHAM: Extending the act of 1869 for the collection of school taxes to Baldwin school district, Allegheny.

By Mr. RUTAN (by request of a gentleman in his district): Bill to protect the rights of females in Pennsylvania, which opens convents, nunneries, &c.

FINDLAY-SCULL CASE.

Mr. BROWN presented the majority report in the Scull-Findlay contested election, giving Findlay his seat.

Mr. BROOKE asked and obtained leave to present the minority report in a few days.

BILL DENOUNCED.

Mr. HOWARD denounced the bill passed last night allowing corporations to convert accumulated investments in real estate improvements as part of capital stock.

The Bear Creek Oil and Pipe Company bill was also earnestly opposed by Mr. HOWARD and postponed.

INAUGURAL EXPENSES.

The bill paying Governor Geary's inaugural expenses was passed.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

THE OHIO RIVER RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. WALTON called up the Senate resolution relative to obstructions in the Ohio River, and moved to substitute his own, with an amendment, providing for the appointment of three members of the Senate and five of the House, to accompany a committee of the Coal Exchange in Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and St. Louis to Washington. Agreed to.

Mr. WALTON answered the speech of Senator Graham yesterday, by denying that he had improperly or otherwise appropriated Mr. Graham's bill. He had read the Associated Press despatch in the Pittsburgh papers, giving Mr. Graham's remarks, and then called for the reading of the proceedings of the Pittsburgh Coal Exchange meeting in April, 1869, when a committee visited Washington. Mr. Arbuckle had written his resolution while Mr. Kerr had written Mr. Graham's. He alleged that Mr. Graham had done nothing for years in this matter.

ERIE CANAL CHARTER.

The bill extending the charter of the Erie Canal Company, authorizing them to slack water the Ohio and issue bonds, was reported favorably with trifling amendments.

THE APPROPRIATION BILL.

Mr. DAVIS, from the Ways and Means Committee, reported the appropriation bill.

The following are the principal items, outside of Department expenses:

Common Schools	$ 750 00
State Normal School, Sixth district	6,000
Judges Supreme Court	22,508
U. C. and Com. Pleas Judges, Phila.	20,000
Judge Pearson, Dauphin county	5,000
Judges in Common Pleas	150,000
Associate Judges	50 00
Int. rest on funded debt	2,000,000
Public printing	20,000
Legislative Expenses	80,000
Penns. Institution for deaf and dumb	40,000
Pennsylvania Blind Asylum	30,000
Harrisburg Lunatic Asylum	30,000
Harrisburg Lunatic Asylum, improv'ts	50,000
Media Farm School	10,000
Philadelphia House of Refuge	20 00
Western House of Refuge	20,000
Soldiers' Orphans' Home	16,000
Erie Marine Hospital	20,000
Military claims	20,000
Home for Little Wanderers	5,000
Oil pain of House	200
Chaplain of Senate	200
Eastern Penitentiary	20,000
Western Penitentiary	22,324
Western Penitentiary improvements	20,000
Eastern Penitentiary improvements	15,000
Board of Public Charities	5,000
Bureau of Statistics Department	6,000
Eastern Experimental Farm	5,000
Pennsylvania Widows' Asylum	5,000
St. Joseph Hospital	5,000
Home for Destitute Colored Children	5,000

Provision is also made for destitute soldiers' orphans.

Mr. KERR introduced a bill authorizing the Washington School District, Pittsburgh, to borrow $25,000.

Also, for the better prosecution of disorderly persons in Allegheny county.

MORE INVESTIGATION.

Mr. LONG moved a committee to investigate frauds by Superintendents of Soldiers' Orphan Schools.

Mr. JOSEPHS moved indefinite postponement.

Pending discussion adjourned.

WOMAN SUFFRAGE.

Some Plain Talk From an Opponent.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, February 18.—Rev. Dr. Hatfield, pastor of St. Pauls M. E. Church, delivered a lecture on Thursday night, on the pernicious effects of the agitation of woman suffrage. The speaker held that the agitation was based on a false assumption. Nearly every speaker in favor of woman's franchise held that the sex was sorely oppressed. Nothing could be further from the truth. The tendency of Christianity was to relieve woman from any unnatural burden. He was willing to assert that as many men suffered from the effects of woman's tongue as women suffered from drunken husbands, the greatest evil to which they were subjected. The entire cause was kept up by false representations and gross exaggerations. Thus they claimed that the present sphere of woman's activity and usefulness was confined to the cares of the kitchen, while a census taken in Boston had developed the fact that women could be and were employed in seventy-four industrial pursuits. The obstacles in the way of women earning an honest livelihood were greatly imaginary than real. There were probably as many young men out of employment and eager for work in Chicago as women. When he met a woman in the cars or elsewhere with her half cut short and parted in tom-boy fashion, several suspicions with regard to her sex arose in his mind. Was she from a hospital, from the penitentiary, insane asylum, or was she too lazy to take care of that which the Apostle of old declared to be the chief crown and glory of woman? The speaker dealt severely with "free love" advocates, etc. He admitted there were good and pure men and women who advocated woman suffrage, but they had no conception toward what they were tending. They imagined they could jump half way down the precipice and then stop. He insisted that women do not stand in need of the ballot for redress of any grievances, real or imaginary. The abandoned queen of Wells street would take advantage of woman suffrage. Respectable woman in our midst, as a rule, did not want any more rights and freedom than they now possessed. He closed by prophesying injury to the republic in the event of the success of woman suffrage.

Malignant Typhus Fever Epidemic.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ERIE, PA., February 18.—A most malignant form of typhus fever has broken out at Albion in this county. It is professionally called *cerebro spinal meningitis*. Five persons have died within three days. Death occurs in from twelve to seventy hours from the time of attack. The best medical aid from this city has been called to aid the local profession in treating the cases.

FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

(SECOND SESSION.)

SENATE: Announcement of XVth Amendment Ratification by Nebraska—Petition for Recognition of Cuban Independence—Importing Immigrants Under Labor Contracts—Mail Contract with Steamships—Funding Bill Made Special Order for 23d—International Exhibition in 1871. HOUSE: Political Disabilities Bill—Legislative Appropriation Bill Undisposed Of.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, February 18, 1870.

SENATE.

Mr. SUMNER had read a telegram from the Governor of Nebraska, announcing the ratification of the Fifteenth amendment by the Legislature, with but five dissenting votes.

Mr. SHERMAN presented a petition from many thousand citizens of Connecticut and Missouri for the recognition of Cuban independence. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations.

Mr. HOWARD, from the Committee on the Pacific Railroad, reported with an amendment the joint resolution authorizing the Northern Pacific Railroad Co. to issue bonds for the construction of its road and to issue the same by mortgage, and also to construct its main road to the western terminus via the Valley of the Columbia River.

Mr. WILSON introduced a bill to make the importation of immigrants under labor contracts unlawful.

Mr. HOWE introduced a bill granting lands in aid the construction of the Dakota and Northwestern Railroad.

Mr. CONKLING introduced a bill directing the Postmaster General to contract with the North American Steam Navigation Company of New York for the transportation of mails between New York and Antwerp or Bremen, touching at Plymouth, for a term of fifteen years, the steamers to be exempt from State and Federal taxation, and for ocean and inland postages on mails carried by them. Referred to Committee on Postoffice.

On motion of Mr. SHERMAN, the funding bill was taken up and by a vote of 29 to 14 made the special order for Wednesday next, Monday being assigned for consideration of business from the Committee of Commerce.

On motion of Mr. SUMNER, the bill creating the office of Solicitor for the State Department and for other purposes was taken up.

Mr. TRUMBULL said the question suggested by the bill was whether we were to have in each department of the Government a law department, and consequently a variety of decisions upon every question. He preferred such officers should be subject to the Attorney General's office of the business belonging to it.

Mr. SUMNER said the immediate want of the State Department was for the assistance of a solicitor, and he proposed a clerical force.

The bill was amended to provide for an examiner of claims in lieu of a solicitor and passed.

Mr. MORRILL, of Me., introduced a bill relative to appropriations and appropriation accounts, directing that estimates of appropriations be made through the Secretary of the Treasury and prescribing the method of keeping accounts of appropriations.

Mr. POMEROY, from Committee on Public Lands, reported a bill granting lands to aid the construction of a railroad from the western boundary of Minnesota to Winnepeg Territory.

Also, a bill authorizing the location of agricultural scrip by actual settlers.

The following bills were considered and passed.

Extending the time for the construction of the Little Rock and Fort Smith Railroad.

Relative to settlers on the late Sioux Indian Reservation in Minnesota.

Amending the usury laws of the District of Columbia.

The bill to encourage and promote an international exhibition in Washington City, in 1871, was debated by Messrs. Hamlin, Patterson, Nye and Sherman in favor and by Messrs. Thurman, Morrill, (of Vermont), Stewart and Schurz in opposition.

Mr. THURMAN said that upon the pretext of aiding the exhibition credits to the nation, the Government would be obliged to shoulder the bulk of the expenses. Otherwise it would prove a miserable failure. He regarded the whole thing a humbug, and with a view of saving time he moved to postpone the bill indefinitely.

Mr. HAMLIN said he had been informed by wealthy men of Washington, and others having the matter in charge, that they could make the project a success without further charge to the Government than was specified in the bill. The entire charge was included in two items, that of transportation to Washington by government vessels of foreign articles to be delivered at the various ports of the country, and the preparation of the ground for the exhibition.

The question was further discussed by Messrs. Morrill, Stockton, Thurman, Patterson, Stewart, Nye, Sherman and Schurz.

At three o'clock, without disposing of the bill, the Senate went into executive session.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. WARD introduced a bill to regulate the ocean telegraph communication between the United States and foreign countries. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Mr. BUTLER, of Mass., made an effort to have the House proceed to the consideration of the bill to remove political disabilities, but

Mr. DAWES pressed his motion to go into Committee of the Whole.

Mr. BUTLER stated he was directed by the Reconstruction Committee to report a general bill for the removal of disabilities. There were now some three or four thousand names awaiting their report. Two bills had passed the Senate and some were prepared in the House. He desired the House should indicate whether it was disposed to pass a general bill, or what course it would pursue. He thought the legislation as essential as any other. Hundreds of men were awaiting to be restored to their rights, while the appropriation bills were not to take effect until July.

Mr. DAWES said he recognized the importance of the measure his colleague desired to have considered; but it was important this appropriation bill should be sent to the Senate as soon as possible.

Mr. BUTLER said there were numerous special orders to come up immediately after this appropriation bill, so if the disability bill was not now considered, no one knew when it could be taken up.

Mr. BROOKS, of New York, remarked that one of the calamities of the country was the late passage of the appropriation bills. The Senate usually added on large appropriations at the last moment, when the House had no opportunity to discuss them, but had to leave them to conference committees. He hoped, therefore, that the appropriation bills would be sent to the Senate at the earliest day.

After further discussion as to the order of business, the House went into a Committee of the Whole on the Legislative appropriation bill.

The discussion in reference to supervising architect of the Treasury Department occupied over an hour and a half. Finally a vote was taken on Mr. Farnsworth's motion to strike out the whole paragraph for the construction of a branch of the Treasury Department, and it was rejected—40 to 78.

Several amendments were offered and discussed to increase the salaries of Second Comptroller of the Currency, of messengers, and of women employed in Departments. In reference to the Second Comptroller, Mr. DAWES stated he had been informed the law withdrawing the twenty per cent. additional compensation allowed during the war to clerks in Departments had been construed as not applying to heads of bureaus, and those officers were still drawing that additional compensation.

The discussion in relation to women caused some excitement and amusement, Mr. Rogers taking the ground that the employment of women in public offices was demoralizing and disreputable and should be abandoned by the Government, and that suggestion being repelled by Mr. Stevenson and others.

Mr. DAWES, referring to the influence of politics on public affairs, told the members of the House they were slaves to vile politicians from all parts of the country, who flocked to Washington last March and had been hounding members for the last two months to raise the salaries of the very offices that they had crawled for in the first month of this Administration, and that was the position in which it was proposed to place women by giving them the same compensation as men and leaving all offices to be contended for.

All propositions for the increase of salaries were rejected and the Committee rose, after disposing of four pages of the bill.

Mr. BENNETT, rising to a personal explanation, referred to accusations made against him in the Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser*. He declared them false and wholly without foundation, and said he proposed to vindicate himself in the courts of law.

Mr. LOGAN, from the Committee on Military Affairs, reported a bill appropriating $3,000 for the investigation into the alleged sale of cadetships, which passed.

CINCINNATI.

Rolling Mill Destroyed—The Visit of Kentucky Legislature—Railroad Collisions.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, February 18.—The rolling mill of Swift's Iron and Steel Works, in Newport, was destroyed by fire this afternoon. Loss $70,000; insured for $55,000. The Franklin of this city has $8000, Firemen's, Lafayette, Crescent, Miami Valley, Ohio Valley, American, Farmers, Magnolia, Tobacco and Citizens each have from $2500 to $3000, the Security and Market of New York each $2500, companies in Cleveland have $2500, and Buffalo companies $2500. The foundry and blast furnace were saved. The works will be immediately rebuilt and in operation within thirty days.

The downward bound extra freight train on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton railroad ran into the rear of the regular freight at Glendale this afternoon. The locomotive of the former exploded, scattering the fragments in all directions. Ten cars were more or less injured. The engineer reversed his engine, and with the fireman jumped from the train. Nobody hurt.

Great preparations are making for the visit of the members of the Kentucky Legislature to morrow. They will be brought up from Louisville in the steamer United States, chartered for the purpose, reaching here at one o'clock P. M. They will be driven to the suburbs during the afternoon and partake of a grand banquet at night.

The Weather at Various Points.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHICAGO, Feb. 18, 9 A. M.—Clear and cold.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 18, 9 A. M.—Snowing. Four inches here now.

OIL CITY, Feb. 18, 9 A. M.—Snowing hard. About four inches now.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 18, 9 A. M.—Raining hard. Wind from the east.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 18, 9 A. M.—Raining hard.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 18, 9 A. M.—Raining hard.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 17.—The cold weather, it is feared, has destroyed the fruit crop, the thermometer this morning standing at twenty-six.

ROCHESTER, Feb. 18.—Heavy snow storm all day. Railroad trains from the west are delayed.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—Heavy rain this evening, with high wind.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—Lt. Gen. Sheridan is at New York.

—The steamer England, from Liverpool, arrived at New York last night.

—Otis Johnson, of Lynn, Mass., a leading horticulturist, died on Thursday, aged 69.

—The Christian Church at Washington, Illinois, was burned on Thursday. Loss $10,000.

—Major Howson, Deputy State Controller of California for eight years past, died suddenly on Tuesday.

—The resolution for the payment of the anti-war debt in coin passed the New York Assembly by 85 against 28.

—John Krinler, a young man living in Milbrook, Peoria county, Ill., blew out his brains a few days ago.

—Charles D. Kirk, editor, fell dead in Louisville, Thursday, from hemorrhage of the lungs. His age was thirty-seven years.

—Two masked men robbed the jewelry store of J. N. Hollister, in Greenfield, Mass., Thursday night, of $5,000 worth of watches and jewelry.

—The American Colonization Society's ship Golconda arrived at Baltimore yesterday. She landed her emigrant passengers at Monrovia, all well.

—The members of the Kentucky Legislature were in Louisville yesterday, the guests of the city, and witnessed the formal opening of the bridge over the Ohio.

—The warehousemen of Chicago decline to register grain receipts, as desired by the Board of Trade, except on conditions that are regarded as entirely inadmissible.

—Deputy Marshal Beal, of Iowa, arrived at Hartford, Conn., yesterday, having in custody O. B. Hathway, defaulting postoffice clerk, who absconded a few weeks since.

—Adam Bairele, brewer, whose mysterious disappearance excited much inquiry, has returned to Chicago from Cairo, whither he says he went on business. He called a meeting of his creditors.

—The Executive Committee of the Evangelical Alliance met at New York yesterday. From reports presented there is every reason to believe the meeting at Alliance next fall will be the most important ever held. The attendance will be large, from religious communities in Europe as well as of this country.

—A New Albany (Ind.,) dispatch says: The excursion train from Louisville, consisting of two locomotives and fifteen passenger coaches passed over the great bridge over the Ohio in perfect safety. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed. The strength of the bridge is no longer doubtful, as it has been put to its severest test.

—The *Methodist* newspaper thinks the report of the majority of the Book Committee cannot be implicitly believed. The public, it thinks, will accept the judgment of the minority. The majority of the committee has from an early period been affected by a strong bias. The Church is injured by this evident reluctance to admit plain facts.

—A mass meeting of the colored soldiers, held at New York, Thursday night, resolved to get up a grand parade of the colored men of New York and a demonstration at Cooper's Institute in honor of the passage of the Fifteenth Amendment to the Constitution as soon as its ratification shall have been officially announced from Washington.

—The two of the suits for one hundred dollars each brought by S. A. McGregor, a Paterson, N. J. expressman, against the Erie Railway Company for alleged over charges in transporting freight between that city and New York, have been concluded by a verdict for the plaintiff. Summonses have been issued in thirteen more suits to be tried on the 24th inst. The defendants of course appeal.

—Of the two hundred warrants which were recently issued by the United States Commissioner against lawyers, liquor dealers and real estate agents, in New York, only three were not served on account of the parties not being found by the Deputy Marshals, twenty-five were discontinued when shown to have been issued without cause, and the rest settled with the Revenue Collectors.

—Some days ago a party of masked marauders went to the residence of Squire Walton, near Collinsville, Tenn., and surrounding the cabin of one of the negroes, ordered him to come out. Suspecting danger he refused, when they fired a volley into the cabin, mortally wounding his wife and him slightly. They then set fire to the house, refusing to allow him to remove his children or furniture, but the assassins becoming alarmed left before the flames reached the inmates. The whole neighborhood turned out in search of the murderers, so far without success, except a slight clue to them.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

THE CAPITAL.

Expense of Cotton Claim Suits—Nominations Sent In, Confirmed and Rejected—The Supreme Court Appointments — Secretary Boutwell Does Not Approve Reduction in the Internal Revenue—Admiral Farragut Dangerously Ill, &c.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 18, 1870.

THE MONARCH.

The Monarch is detained fifty miles below Annapolis by fog.

TREASURY DISBURSEMENTS.

Secretary Boutwell has informed the Senate that of $100,000 appropriated for defending what are known as the cotton suits against the United States, $91,000 have been expended.

Secretary Boutwell has also informed the House that the disbursements for Alaska thus far amount to $597,789, and receipts for customs and postoffice $21,850.

NOMINATIONS.

The President to-day sent the following nominations to the Senate: David Eckstein, of Ohio, Consul at Victoria, Vancouver's Island; Herman Glaficke, Secretary Wyoming Territory; to be postmasters, Chas. G. Thomas, San Jose, Cala., and Wm. W. Sellers, Pekin, Ills.

NOMINATIONS CONFIRMED.

The Senate to-day confirmed the following nominations: Mahlon Chance, of Ohio, Consul at Nassau; Jas. Grey Jewell, of Miss., Consul at Singapore; John W. Longyear, Judge of District Court of Eastern District, Michigan; Silas Reed, of Missouri, Receiver General, Wyoming Territory; R. Cooper, of Louisiana, Pension Agent, New Orleans; John F. Delaplaine, of New York, Secretary of Legation at Vienna; Jas. H. Blackburn, Marshal Middle District, Georgia; Collector of Customs, Jno. Young, Sandusky, Ohio. Postmasters: James Ferrier, Jeffersonville, Ind.; Bruce Johnson, Shelby, Ind.; James M. Comly, Columbus, Ohio.

NOMINATIONS REJECTED.

The following nominations were rejected: Wm. D. Farrand, California, Consul at Calloa: Robert L. Brown, Collector Internal Revenue, Twenty-third District, Pennsylvania.

SUPREME COURT NOMINATIONS.

The Senate to-day confirmed the nomination of Wm. Strong, of Pennsylvania, as Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, by yeas and nays. A motion to consider is pending, and action was postponed on the nomination Judge Bradley.

In sending these nominations to the Senate, the President did not designate in either case the vacancies to be filled.

OPPOSED TO REDUCTION.

Secretary Boutwell this morning, in conversation with leading members of the Ways and Means Committee, stated emphatically he was opposed at present to the reduction of fifty millions dollars in internal revenue taxation. He thought a reduction to that amount might be made after the Government had funded $500,000,000 or $600,000,000 of its indebtedness. He was exceedingly anxious that the funding bill reported by Senator Sherman should be passed as speedily as possible. He said there was an abundance of money in Europe waiting investment, and that if the bill was passed at an early day he had no doubt $500,000,000 or $600,000,000 could be funded within the present year. When that was accomplished a reduction of $50,000,000 of internal taxes would be advisable.

NOT AGREED.

The Conference Committees on the disagreeing vote of the two Houses on the naval deficit appropriation bill have not yet come to an agreement. They will probably compromise on $2,000,000.

NAVY MATTERS.

The Secretary of the Navy was in conference with the House Appropriation Committee concerning the appropriations asked for by his department.

BANK NOTES BURNED.

One hundred and fifteen packages of mutilated National bank notes were burned to-day by direction of the Comptroller of Currency.

DANGEROUSLY ILL.

Admiral Farragut is quite ill and fears are entertained for his recovery. His friends think it is a return of his old complaint.

STATE LEGISLATURES.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

OHIO.

COLUMBUS, Feb. 18.—A bill has passed the Senate authorizing manufacturing companies to issue preferred stock.

The House of Representatives has adopted a resolution inviting the Kentucky Legislature to visit Columbus.

TENNESSEE.

NASHVILLE, February 18.—The House to day passed on final reading the bill permitting persons to inherit real estate.

The State Convention rejected the proposition to authorize coupons past due and treasury warrants to be received for taxes, and adopted the proposition prohibiting ministers of the Gospel from holding offices.

Mr. Brown, delegate from Davidson county, pronounced untrue the statement of a Knoxville correspondent of the New York *Times*, touching the Convention, Legislature and condition of affairs in Tennessee.

Mr. Netherland contradicted the charge of rebellism made against him by a correspondent of the Washington *Chronicle*, and said he had ever been loyal to the Federal Government.

MAINE.

AUGUSTA, February 18.—The bill to abolish capital punishment failed to pass to the engrossment by a vote of 45 yeas to 57 nays, forty-nine members being absent. The majority failed to defeat a motion to reconsider, so it will come up again, when the friends of the measure hope to succeed.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, February 18.—The Legislature has passed the new election bill. It now goes to the Governor.

The Chattanooga Railroad bill, appropriating $5,000,000, passed the Senate with amendments, in which the House will doubtless concur.

LOUISVILLE.

The Great Bridge Opening—Mishap to to the Excursion Train.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LOUISVILLE, February 18.—As the excursion train was returning from the Indiana shore, and when about midway on the bridge, one of the rear locomotives run off the track. A coupling pin connecting the passenger coaches broke, leaving atout eight cars on the track. The other portion of the train, propelled by the forward engine, reached the Kentucky shore in safety. A train was then started back to the assistance of those who were on the bridge, but it had not proceeded more than fifteen yards when the track spread and the tender and a caboose were also thrown from the track. Strenuous efforts are being made to replace the locomotive in order to relieve the fifteen hundred persons who are now on the bridge awaiting conveyance.

LATER.—All those who were on the train on the bridge have reached the

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

OFFICE:
GAZETTE BUILDING 84, AND 86 FIFTH AV.

SATURDAY, FEB. 19, 1870.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 60½f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 93¾.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 119¼@119¾.

THE Nebraska Legislature yesterday ratified the XVth Article, with but five dissenting votes.

MISSISSIPPI is reconstructed at last. The bill restoring the State to its Federal rights has passed Congress, and is, ere this, approved by the President. Her Senators and Representatives will take their seats at once. Now for Texas and Georgia!

IT IS BELIEVED that the current investigation, into the alleged sale of cadetships in the Military and Naval Academies, will result in clear proofs against nearly a dozen members and ex-members. If the effect should be to check an evil which has been flagrant for years, the enquiry will be sustained by public opinion.

ON EXAMINING our files, we find that the bill to direct the investment of the unexpended balances of the funds of the School Board was offered January 25th, in the Senate, and the fact duly telegraphed, on the same day, to the Associate Press. No objections were suggested, from this locality, to the measure, which faithfully adheres to the avowed policy of the present Legislature. Eight days later, therefore, the bill was regularly reached and passed the Senate. Five days later still, a gentleman who had been Senator Howard's unsuccessful competitor for the nomination, opens his mouth in the Board, for the retention of the unexpended balances as before, and as sailing that Senator. Why did not *he* make known his objections earlier, and to the proper quarter?

A BILL to restore the Spring elections is before the Legislature. The popular sentiment is clearly in favor of the retention of the present system. Otherwise, provision must be made for spring registrations. Is the repeal of the registry-law a part of the Coalition programme? The annexed paragraph from the Bedford *Inquirer* very fairly expresses the opinions of by far the largest number of the journals of the State. The *Inquirer* says:

We hope there will be no interference with the present law until it has had a fair trial. The people have not yet had time to get accustomed to the change, but if it is continued a year or two and fairly tested, we do not believe they will wish to return to the old Spring elections. A vast amount of time and money is saved by the present arrangement and the elections fall at a much more pleasant season. We can see no good reason for a change at present and we hope there will be none.

We regret that the example of Mr. Millar, of our delegation, in voting against the repeal has failed to commend itself to the other Allegheny Representatives. The people are with him.

THE TAX ON PETROLEUM.

As the bill, providing for the payment of more than $2,000,000 on the rebel raid claims, from the border counties, was first drafted, it directed a special tax to be laid on coal and oil, to replace the funds taken from the Treasury. But the fear of opposition, from the interests thus to be taxed, led to the substitution therefore, of a clear haul from the Treasury. In this shape, the project meets so much opposition that, as we learn, it is now proposed to meet the expenditure with a special tax upon oil alone. To aid this movement, one or more journals have been found to say that oil pays no tax at present. This is not true in fact. The Treasury already receives, on oil stocks $76,299 76, and on the income of oil companies $58,962 39—an aggregate of $115,262 15 annually. The reader can form his own opinion of the justice of a still greater taxation upon this interest.

NEW JERSEY YET IN BONDS.

A few weeks ago we published in the GAZETTE a pretty full account of the organization of a company to build a first class, double-track, steel-rail railroad between Philadelphia and New York, to cross the Delaware and enter New Jersey at the city of Trenton. The necessary legislation was obtained in Pennsylvania, while in New Jersey the franchises of several local roads were purchased, sufficient to complete the line. As the charter of one of these local roads, running from Millstone to Trenton, required amendment, mainly to confer the right to erect a bridge across the Delaware, a bill to that effect was introduced and referred to the committee on corporations in the lower house of the New Jersey Legislature.

On Wednesday last the committee made their report, which closed with a recommendation that the bill do not pass. An animated debate ensued in the presence of a large and excited audience; but it was in vain that Mr. Clark, of Sussex, and others plead for the passage of the bill, the Camden and Amboy monopoly was too strong, and by a vote of 27 to 25 the House sustained the recommendation of the committee. But the friends of the measure are not discouraged, and will fight on until they overcome that monopoly which has dominated the legislation of that State for more than forty years.

A PROTESTING CATHOLIC.

N. L. BJERRING, a professor in a Roman Catholic Academy in Baltimore, has written and published a letter to the Pope, dated Baltimore, Jan. 27, 1870, remarkable for the earnestness with which it protests against the principles of the Syllabus and the dogma of Papal Infallability. Who the writer is, and what he is, we shall let him say for himself. We quote from the introductory part of his letter:

Most Holy Father—With a full conviction of the grave responsibility I assume, I beg leave to place, most respectfully, at the feet of your Holiness, the following profession of faith:

I have been up to the present moment a fervent and faithful adherent of the Church of Rome, which I believed in all sincerity to be the only Catholic and Apostolic Church.

Obeying the dictates of my religious persuasion, I have made every sentiment of my heart and every faculty of my intellect subservient to the welfare and glorification of that Church. Scorning all mundane interests, although only a layman, I enrolled under the militant banner of that Church.

As a theologian and a historian, I have sedulously labored for the wide spread diffusion of her doctrines in the department of science as a publicist, and in the domain of the press; as a missionary I have repaired to the remotest parts of the globe, and even in Lapland I have devoted my time and efforts to the propagation of the faith.

Lately I have filled to the utmost of my abilities a professor's chair at the Catholic Academy of Baltimore, in the United States of America.

From the name we judge that Mr. Bjerring is a native of one of the non-German States of Austria; but there is nothing in the letter respecting his nationality. After speaking of the revolt of his own intellect and conscience against the high claims and pretensions put forth by the head of the Church prior to the call of the Ecumenical Council, he proceeds:

It was you again who urged me forward on that road, until the light triumphed over darkness.

The assembling of the Ecumenical Council in Rome, convoked for the avowed purpose of enacting into dogmas the doctrines contained in the Syllabus, as well as the doctrine of Papal infallibility, put an end to my hesitations, and confronted me face to face with the truth.

As a Christian, as a citizen, and as a student, I obey a triple mandate in raising my voice to address you, before God and man, the following solemn declaration:

Holy Father, in my name and that of many thousands of laymen, who are laboring under the same impressions as myself, I protest against the doctrines which you seem determined to promulgate, and which openly conflict with all divine and human laws. I protest against the fatal contest which you have originated between Church and society. I protest against the sacreligious sentence you have pronounced against all progress, and against every department of science. I protest against the principles of Papal infallability, which you aim to establish as a dogmas, in palpable contradiction with the text of the Gospel and with ecclesiastical traditions.

Future generations will not fail to point out the fatal consequences of these acts, against which I protest with all the force of my convictions.

The writer then goes on at some length to define the convictions and the conclusion to which he has arrived. Renouncing Rome, he throws himself into the communion of the Eastern Church, commonly called the Greek Church. Of it he says:

It is a Church which has never been in contradiction with the vital and paramount exigencies of society, with progress and science; it is a Church which does not mingle the spiritual with the temporal, which has no Pontiff King, and which remembers that Christ has said, "My kingdom is not of this earth;" it is a Church which does not impose celibacy on her priesthood, which does not sell indulgences for the erection of temples; it is a Church whose existence does not depend on the support of foreign bayonets, and which does not consecrate so monstrous an anomaly as that of a Pontiff signing a bull warrant immediately after having performed the sublime mystery of the Eucharist. It is, in a word, a Church which has alone remained faithful to the regimen established by Christ and his Apostles, to the synodal, or, that is to say, the parliamentary regimen.

He shrinks from what he calls "the troubled waters of Protestantism;" and this strengthens our belief that we are correct in fixing his nationality in one of the more easterly provinces of the Austrian Empire, where large numbers of the people adhere to the Greek communion. The following is his conclusion:

I know you are kind; I know you are pious; I know you are intent on good, and that you do evil unconsciously; but truth has exigencies with which predominate over all personal considerations. St. Paul, the great convert of Damascus, said in his Epistle to the Galatians: "Though an angel from heaven preach any other gospel unto you than that which we have preached unto you, let him be accursed."

I do not go so far as is permitted by St. Paul. I do not anathematize you, Holy Father, but I pray God to enlighten your truly angelic soul to the truths of the gospel. I implore Him to remove the burden of that temporal royalty which weighs so heavily upon you, and to make you once again what you never should have ceased to be—that is to say, a Christian shepherd in the true, beautiful and holy acceptation of the word.

THE MORMON QUESTION.

We quote from the testimony of the U. S. Assessor of Utah, before the Congressional Committee, to which the Cullom bill has been referred, the following passages of interest:

I have taken the strong physiological ground, though Young says I lie like hell, that the Almighty has not provided for the drowning out of polygamy through the operation of natural laws; I base the opinion on the fact that out of every hundred children born in polygamy, seventy-five are males. I have the statistics of two hundred and fifty seven families' names, just picked up here and there, not selected with any reference to this argument, and in those two hundred and fifty seven families eighty-three out of each hundred of the children are males. The day before I left, David Candland, Chief Clerk of the Zion's Co operating Mercantile Institution, told me that he had fifteen little boys under eleven years of age and six daughters.

Question—It is alleged by some that if the question of polygamy were left to the women of the Territory, they would vote to sustain it. We understand that the Mormon leaders are so confident of this that a bill has been introduced looking to the enfranchisement of the women of the Territory. Suppose the women should say, "We are prosperous; we are happy; we make no complaint concerning polygamy; why should the United States Government interfere?" What answer would you make?

ANSWER—I should expect them to talk in that way, and to vote in that way. They will, almost without exception, vote as Brigham Young wants them to. Last fall, at a female relief society of women, Brigham Young had a vote taken on this very question; every woman present rose, voting in favor of polygamy, but one, a Mrs. Gordon, an excellent woman, and an excellent Mormon, believing in everything connected with Mormonism excepting polygamy, and Mrs. Gordon says that before she got home from that sociable that evening eleven of those women, who voted in favor of polygamy, told her that in so voting they felt they had perjured themselves and outraged their own feelings. She asked them why they voted for polygamy, then. Their reply was, "Sister Gordon, if we had not, what would have been the result?" There is the whole thing in a nutshell. They would have been excommunicated from the church.

The New County Scheme.

(Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

FRANKLIN, PA, Feb. 15, 1870.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—There is no doubt that so far as this region is concerned, every one denounces the new county scheme of Lowry and Ames. We are all interested here, financially and politically. Financially, it will decrease our trade and increase our taxes; and politically, it makes our county *Democratic*, which is worse than any other feature in the whole question. It is nothing more than a *real estate job*. Our county is not large enough now, as they took a piece off us two or three years ago to make the new county of Forest, and we lost several good townships.

Respectfully, * * *

THE new Police bill for Philadelphia has been reported to the Senate with an affirmative recommendation. Several material alterations will be made in its provisions before it is put upon final passage. The more important one will strike out the power which is given to the City Councils to select the first Board of Commissioners, and refer it to the people at the polls in October next. Another is that the bill will not go into effect until January 1, 1871. It is also proposed that the police districts shall comprise the present four Senatorial districts. This measure meets with favor, and if the Republicans would consent that the bill shall not become operative until the expiration of the term of service of the present Mayor, there is scarcely any doubt of its becoming a law. As it is, it comes within the scope of the veto message of the Governor, and it is generally conceded that he will return this bill, as he did the last one, without his signature.

IT APPEARS that the claims on file in the Auditor General's office for damages from the rebel raids amount to about two million dollars. These claims, which it is proposed to make the State pay, have been collected by commissioners, at the expense of many thousand dollars to the Commonwealth. None of the claimants have appeared in person, but numbers of lawyers from the border counties have visited Harrisburg. If it be true that scores of these claims have been bought up for small figures, or that large commissions are to be paid for collecting them, the facts have not yet been openly proved. The friends of the bill to make the State pay these large amounts are using efforts to convert the members to their views. The Ways and Means Committee of the House have refused to report it, the vote being nine to nine. This cannot, however, be considered as final action.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

We glean from an article on church music, in a Brooklyn secular paper, the cost of this luxury in some of the celebrated churches in that city. Beecher's church pays over six thousand dollars to the organist and quartette, who are assisted by a choir of over fifty members. In Dr. Buddington's church the music costs three thousand, and the quartette is assisted by thirty volunteers. Dr. Cuyler's has a single quartette, one would hardly expect that much of that prince of preachers. Mr. Putnam, Unitarian, has a vesper service that is entirely musical. Holy Trinity, lately Bishop Littlejohn's church, has twenty-two ladies and eight boys to assist the quartette. St. Ann's, Dr. Schenck, rector, allows two thousand for the quartette, besides the organist's salary. The *Independent* says the choir is considered one of the finest in the city, having seventy-six members, including eighteen boys. Old St. Ann's tops all the rest. It has in the evening a mammoth choir of the finest singers in the city, including about sixty sopranos, twenty altos, twenty tenors, and twenty-five bass voices. Some of the leading churches, Dr. Gallagher's, Baptist, Dr. Eddy's, Reformed, and Mr. Talmage's, Presbyterian, have congregational music exclusively. The Catholic Church, as it is well known, favors the use of music of the best kind at its services.

Freeman's Journal (Roman Catholic,) of New York, complains that the wealthier and more intelligent Catholics seem to have lost faith in having masses said for the souls of their friends in purgatory.

With the cordial consent of Bishop Cummins, says the *Independent*, the vestry of an Episcopal church in Elizabethtown, Ky., have allowed the Presbyterians the use of their church.

The Baptists of Philadelphia by their Church Extension Committee have done much good in aiding weak churches. During three years they have expended thirty five thousand dollars for this purpose. Within four years the St. Louis Baptists have secured nearly fifty-four thousand dollars for that object, and the membership of the churches has been increased from nine hundred to nearly fifteen hundred.

Among the Episcopal appointments of Bishop Kerfoot, for this month and March, are St. Paul's Church, morning, and Cavalry church, evening, to-morrow. Monday, 23d, Emmanuel church, Allegheny city, Pittsburgh Convocation. Third Sunday in Lent, March 20th, St. Luke's Mission at the morning service, and St. John's church, evening, of this city. Fourth Sunday in Lent, Cavalry church, of this city, and St. Mark's church, Birmingham, at night.

The *Congregational Quarterly* gives the number of Congregational churches in the country three thousand and forty-three; number of ministers, thirty-one hundred and sixty-eight; number of members, three hundred thousand three hundred and sixty-two. The gain in churches is nearly one hundred, and in membership over nine thousand during the year.

Rev. I. W. Lamb, inventor of the knitting machine which bears his name, the *Advance* says is a Baptist minister residing in Michigan.

The question of child conversion has received quite a stimulus at Cincinnati, since the great revival in that city. At a late union prayer meeting Dr. Rust, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, stated of four or five thousand conversions in the past two months, a majority were of children. Rev. Mr. Stewart, of the Fifth Presbyterian church, said that a committee had been examining those who had applied for membership to his church, and the evidence of conversion was decidedly more apparent on the part of the children applicants than on the part of the adults.

Rev. Mr. Withrow, of the Arch street Presbyterian church, Philadelphia, was present at the Preachers' Meeting, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in that city, not long since, and delivered a very delightful address, in which he stated that he had felt his heart warmed and melted by the exercises of the morning. He had been trained in a Methodist Sunday school, and his religious life began at a Methodist altar. He was refreshed by the "Amens" and "Hallelujahs" he heard in that meeting. He wanted more of this fire and fervor in the Presbyterian Church which, in some places, was said to be dying of dignity. He believed in denominational lines, but wanted all ministers and all churches to live in harmony and love, and be thoroughly baptized with power.

The Secretary of the Presbyterian "Fund for disabled Ministers and the widows and orphans of deceased Ministers" represents that seventeen hundred churches of the General Assembly have sent no collection this year to the noble fund. He urges ministers and churches to contribute liberally during the remaining two months of the fiscal year.

The revival in Christ Methodist Episcopal church of this city, under the pastoral care of Rev. J. A. Gray, is one of wonderful power. From the outset the saving displays of God's converting grace was manifest, and as the work progressed it assumed still grander proportions, resulting in the conversion of full one hundred souls. This church has never been favored with such a gracious visitation. The work has attracted large concourses, outside of the immediate members of the congregation. Many of the converts are pupils of the Pittsburgh Female College. Dr. Pershing, the able President, has rendered important service to Rev. Mr. Gray, in carrying on the meeting. And the end is not yet, it still goes forward.

The *United Presbyterian*, in referring to the subject of Infant Baptism, assumes that baptism should not be viewed merely as a seal of "the righteousness of faith," or of the regenerating effects of the Spirit, but, under the present dispensation, provides for the organization of the visible Church. That covenant recognizes God's people together with their children. Such children are born in the visible Church, and such are entitled to this ordinance.

At the communion held last Sunday at the Second United Presbyterian church, Allegheny City, Rev. J. B. Clark, D. D., pastor, thirty members were added to the roll, fourteen of whom were from classes in the Sabbath School.

The last words of Dr. Franklin Moore, late of Philadelphia, formerly a resident of this city, and brother-in law of Judge Agnew, of the Supreme Court of this State, said to those waiting upon him shortly before he died, were: "Don't think I am frightened. I am not. Death has shot his last arrow. He has emptied his quiver! He can hurt me no more! I am saved by the mercy of God in Christ." May all our readers so triumph!

This week's issue of the *Religious Telescope*, organ of the United Brethren in Christ, reports thirteen hundred accessions to that Church, and about an equal number of conversions.

The correspondent of the *Churchman* represents Bishop Kerfoot as being thoroughly imbued with the true apostolic spirit, and the first missionary in his diocese. In the good Bishop's explorations he finds many points where Church service might be established and the gren need is *men*.

The Sale of Cadetships.

The House Military Committee is hearing evidence on the charges that members have sold these appointments. Among the witnesses examined recently were R. Lyle White, editor of the Meadville (Pa.) *Republican;* Maj. Bloss, editor of the Titusville (Pa.) *Herald;* Maj. Derrickson and Dr. J. T. Ray, of Meadville, Pa.; Wm. D. Jack and Thomas McDowell, of Harrisburg, Pa.; Gen. George P. Este, Dr. Alfred Thomas, C. A. Sawyer and C. C. Capehart, of this city, and some others. The three former testified with reference to the sale by Dr. Newton Pettis, late Representative from the Twentieth Pennsylvania District, of an appointment to Mr. E. C. Bishop, of Titusville, whose son is now a cadet in the West Point Academy. Mr. White testified that he knew little of the facts of his own knowledge, but had made the charge against Pettis in his newspaper. Bloss testified that he made the arrangement between Bishop and Pettis; that Bishop deposited $800 in the bank to the order of Bloss, to be paid when his son was appointed, and that he made the arrangement with Pettis, the night of Pettis's nomination. The original sum agreed upon was $500, but Pettis increased his price $300 after the election on account of, as he alleges, "the great expenses of the campaign." That when the papers assuring the appointment of Mr. Bishop's son arrived Bloss drew the money and mailed it to Derrickson. Mr. Derrickson testified that Pettis borrowed the money, $800 of him, giving him his note therefor, with the understanding that Mr. Bishop was to pay the note, and an indorsement to that effect was made by Pettis on the back of the note. The committee have the note now in their possession. That Bloss forwarded the money when the appointment was made, and he received and canceled the note. The committee regard this as conclusive evidence in the case, and will summon no other witnesses.

Another dispatch says: At the time Mr. Pettis was nominated, Mr. Bloss was authorized by Mr. Bishop, of Titusville, to offer Mr. Pettis $500 for the cadetship. After the election Mr. Pettis is alleged to have expressed his willingness to accept the terms, but stated that he must first see another party to whom he had promised the nomination, and try to induce him to accept something else. At a subsequent period Mr. Derrickson came from Meadville and informed Mr. Bloss and Mr. Bishop that he was authorized to close the arrangement on behalf of Mr. Pettis, but he must have $800 for the appointment. Mr. Derrickson says that Mr. Pettis owed him $850 borrowed money, for which he held Mr. Pettis' note. The sum of $800 was thereupon paid. Mr. Derrickson exhibited the note in question to the Committee, which was indorsed to the effect that it was to be cancelled on the payment of the above sum by Mr. Bishop.

On the other hand, Judge Pettis has written to one of the Pennsylvania delegation asking to be heard in reference to the charge, which he says is a conspiracy to injure him by political enemies, and that he has received a dollar, and can prove that the money in question was not paid to him, and was paid for political party debts.

An Austrian Court Scandal.

A Paris dispatch about two weeks since mentioned that the Archduchess Elizabeth of Austria had died to America. As no particulars were given, the statement excited considerable interest, principally on account of the mystery. *Galignani's Messenger* of January 31st, gives the following explanation of the affair:

A subject of conversation in diplomatic circles is a scandal of which a Princess of the Imperial family of Austria has made herself the heroine. The Archduches Elizabeth, tired of the monotony of conjugal life, fled recently from the chateau of Seeovitz, abandoning her husband, the Archduke Charles Ferdinand, and her four children, in order to see the world. She was, however, overtaken at Hanaburg, just as she was about to embark for the United States. The Archduchess is thirty-nine years of age, and is a daughter of the Archduke Joseph Antony, Palatine of Hungary, and consequently, sister of the Queen of the Belgians. She was a widow, after two years of marriage, of Duke Ferdinand of Modena, brother of the Countess de Chambord and of the Princess Maria of Bourbon, mother of Don Carlos. She subsequently married the Archduke Charles Ferdinand. A daughter by his first husband is the wife of Prince Lutpold of Bavaria, and one of the most wealthy Princesses in Europe.

LINGARD, the famous burlesque actor, and his troupe, are stranded at Cleveland high and dry, refusing to play the remainder of the engagement at Pittsburgh Hall, owing to its inconvenience, and also repudiating a debt incurred by their agent with the proprietors of the hall. The latter have seized the entire bggage of the troupe on an attachment.

VARICOSE OR BROKEN VEINS.

Thousands of persons suffer year in and year out with a broken down condition of the veins of the legs, which in our times are easily relieved and frequently susceptible of cure, and suffer on, only because they do not know where and to whom to apply for relief. Now, to give the needful information in cases like this, seems to us a proper duty on part of the newspaper press, and it gives us great pleasure to be able to recommend all such to Dr. KEYSER, OF 167 WOOD STREET, whose vast number of applicances, and his great skill in chronic diseases, enables him to afford the greatest amount of relief that the present state of science can afford. Besides these varicose conditions to which we have referred above, there are other sources of inconvenience and suffering, such as swellings and abnormal growths, which the Doctor, with his appliances, is sure to relieve.

Then again the abdominal weaknesses and sinking feeling peculiar to females, is a source of terrible suffering and anxiety; for these the Doctor has belts and supporters which are so constructed as to insure at least immunity from suffering when they do not promise a certainty of cure.

The Doctor's experience covers a period of over thirty years, besides, a natural aptness for this department of his profession, makes him more than ordinarily skillful. The suffering that is entailed upon future generations by neglect of the proper means to correct the present evils, ought of itself be a sufficient cause to enlist not only the attention of persons themselves, but also that of all intelligent physicians.

Dr. Keyser's Office and Medicine Store, 167 Liberty street.

JANUARY 25, 1870.

A TORPID SYSTEM.

Sometimes, without any assignable cause, the physical strength and animal spirits give way, and a strange torpor falls alike on the body and intellect. There is little or no pain, perhaps, but the natural vigor and elasticity of the nervous and muscular system seem to have departed, and life is indifference to the pleasures of life, and even of its grave responsibilities, takes the place of that earnest interest in both which characterizes every well balanced mind when in a healthy condition.

This state of partial collapse is often the premonitory symptoms of some or our maladies. It indicates unmistakably that the vital powers are languishing and need a stimulant. In such cases the effect of a few doses of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS is wonderfully beneficial. The great tonic wakes up the system from its drowse. The secretions and the circulation receive a new impetus. The relaxed nerves recover their elasticity under the operations of the specific, like the slackened strength of a musical instrument in the process of tuning. Lethargy and debility are replaced by energy and vigor, the spirits rise, and life that almost seemed a burden while the season of depression lasted, becomes once more enjoyable. That such a radical change should be produced by a remedy entirely devoid of the powerful alkaloids and minerals so extensively used in practice, may seem incredible to those who pin their faith on the medicinal efficacy of active poisons, but if these skeptics will take the trouble to enquire of those who have tested the corrective and alterative virtues of the Bitters under the circumstances described, they will find the statement to be true.

INSURANCE

OFFICE OF MONONGAHELA INSURANCE COMPANY.—An election for thirteen (13) Managers of this Company will be held at the Tool House, MONDAY, March 7th, 1870.

JAMES H. WRIGHT, Treasurer.
Pittsburgh, Feb. 3, 1870. fc2

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD CO., Pittsburgh, January 24, 1870.

TO STOCKHOLDERS

ANNUAL MEETING.

The Regular Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company will be held at the OFFICE OF THE COMPANY, No. 20 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, on WEDNESDAY, February 23d, 1870, at 11 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of electing a Board of Managers for the ensuing year, and for the transacting of such other business as may be presented.

ja28:d10 JOHN BALLANTINE, Secretary.

NOTICES—"To-Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.

WANTS.

WANTED.—GARDNER.—A Single Man, who understands Plain Gardening, and who is willing to work. References required. Good wages given. Enquire between the hours of 1 and 3, at No. 102 SEVENTH AVENUE. 2 16

WANTED—SITUATION—By a competent Druggist, having a thorough knowledge of the business in all its branches. Can give the best of reference. Some place out of the city preferred. Address C. P. B., GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh.

WANTED.—A Tailor to go to Freeport, Pa. Can have steady employment. Apply at GAZETTE office, or J. H. SHOOP, Freeport, Pa.

WANTED.—Fifty Coal and Ore Miners, no office fee to pay, and fare paid to the miners. Ten teams are wanted for city and country. Apply at Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth street, first door from suspension Bridge.

WANTED.—An experienced RED LEAD MANUFACTURER, one thoroughly acquainted with making Red Lead from the pipe. None other need apply. Enquire at GAZETTE Office.

WANTED.—Sealed Proposals will be received for one week for ten thousand (10,000) PERFECT CUBES STONE to be delivered in Pittsburgh or Lawrenceville. Must be of first report or Bapen stone. CASH will be paid on delivery, retaining a percentage for fulfillment of contract. Address, SILAS SHUTTERLY, Lawrenceville.
ja27:10f Real Estate Agents, Lawrenceville.

WANTED.—MORTGAGES.—$30,000 to Loan in large or small amounts, at a fair rate of interest.

THOMAS K. PETTY,
Bill, Bond and Real Estate Broker,
No. 179 Smithfield street.

THE ROMISH CONFESSIONAL.—Private Instructions to the Priesthood. Sent by mail, prepaid, for 50 cents. Address THE COURIER, Youngstown, O. 2-19

BOARDING.

BOARDING AND ROOM.—A FRONT PARLOR well furnished with Boarding suitable for man and wife or single gentlemen. References required. No. 189 ROBINSON STREET, Allegheny city. 2-11

TO-LET.

TO-LET.—STORE ROOMS.—The elegant store room in the Mercantile Library Building on Penn street, near Sixth street, will be ready for occupancy about the 1st of May next, and are now offered for rent to responsible tenants. One of the stores is especially adapted for a first-class restaurant for ladies and gentlemen. Also, under the same roof, a large and commodious store room, first floor, No. 92, in English's new buildings, Fourth avenue. For terms inquire of A. H. ENGLISH & CO., 98 Fourth Avenue. 2-19

FOR RENT.—The Three Story BRICK WAREHOUSE in Church alley, rear of No. 180 Wood street, formerly occupied by Wm. S. Stanford & Co., as a Paint Factory. Inquire of WATT, LANG & CO. 2-3 No. 174 and 176 Wood St.

TO LET.—The Large Store Room on Wylie Avenue, corner of Federal street, Pittsburgh. A. M. BROWN, 113 Fifth avenue.

TO-LET.—On Wood street, No 75, occupied by J. H. Hillerman, and No. 77, occupied by John Cochran & Co. Enquire at 47 WOOD STREET. 2-10

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—Large SECOND-HAND SAFE. Call on or address R., No 114 Market street. 2 18

FOR SALE.—MARE and BUGGY.—A fine, Mare for sale, which affords the best possible saddle or harness; good for family use. Buggy and Harness nearly new, and almost as good as new. Inquire at 297 Liberty street, or 15 Sixth street. 2-18

FOR SALE.—Tinners' Machine and Tools, low. Inquire at T. Morrow, No. 115 Fifth street, Pittsburgh. 2-18

FOR SALE.—Carpets, Oil Cloths, &c., at Rhea and Corry Sts., Allegheny. 14 Main St., formerly Rook Lane, Allegheny. 2-4

FOR SALE.—$3,300 will buy TWO GOOD FRAME HOUSES, four rooms each, and lot 20 by 100 feet, on Ohio street, near north avenue. Rents will pay ten per cent. on the money. Terms, $1,800 cash, balance in two payments. Enquire on the premises. 2-11 STITH

FOR SALE.—1 Steam Engine 10 by 36 inch stroke, running order, with coupling, reaming, &c. Will be sold cheap. Also, 1 Boiler 30 feet long and 36 inches in diameter. Also, TWO 12-INCH LIFT AND FORCE PUMPS. Will be sold low. Apply at the Works of the Youghiogheny Gas Coal Company, West Newton, Pa. 2-10

FOR SALE.—Stock and Fixtures, LEASE AND GOOD WILL of a first-class fancy grocery, doing a good business. The undersigned being engaged in other business is the reason for selling. G. W. PUSEY, 49 Federal street, Allegheny. tf.

FOR SALE.

SIX ACRES OF LAND

Within the city limits. Will be sold cheap and on easy terms. Enquire of WM. BLAKELY, Ait ney-at-Law, 91 Grant street. ja17:tf

FOR SALE.—FURNACE.—There will be sold on or about the 1st of March next, at McArthur, Vinton county, Ohio, the finished stock of the EAGLE FURNACE, with the tools belonging thereto. These hands contain fine hydraulic metal of ore and coal, and the furnace is now in full blast, making 14 tons Hot Blast Charcoal Iron per day. SAMUEL BENNER.
ja20 Baltabridge, Ross county, Ohio.

FOR SALE—Building materials.—WILL BE SOLD AT A SACRIFICE the materials contained in a TWO STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, located at New Oakland car station. The house is in good order and can be moved complete, or taken down if wished, to have it removed off the lot before the 1st of May. Enquire of GEORGE W. SCOTT, Chancellor street, Oakland. 2-10

FOR SALE.—A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE, No. 297 Frank in street, Allegheny City. 24 ft. front by 124 deep. The building is a two story, with a finished Garret; contains 8 Rooms, Bathroom, with hot and cold Water; has Mantels; inside shutters; Slate Roof, &c. Also, a Brick Stable, which has been built one year. Inquire of JOSHUA COCHRAN, No. 230 Hamilton street, Allegheny City, or at 200 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. 2-18

FOR SALE.—Engines and Boilers, New and Second Hand, of all kinds constantly on hand.

Orders from all parts of the country promptly executed.

JAMES HILL & CO.,
Corner Marion Avenue and P., F. W. & C. R. W., Allegheny, Pa.

FOR SALE.—DWELLING.—That three story BRICK DWELLING, desirably located, No. 66 River street, Allegheny City, containing ten rooms and bath room, hot and cold water in first and second story, gas in all the rooms range in kitchen. Being situated on corner of Gray's alley. It is well lighted and ventilated. Possession April 1st.

JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,
1-27 No. 119 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.—AT A BARGAIN.—HOUSE AND LOT, No. 76 Ledlie street, Second ward, Allegheny. House, 2 story brick of 8 rooms, well finished and complete. Lot 20 by 80 to an alley. Good frame stable on rear of lot. This property is worthy the attention of all desiring to purchase real estate. As a home on account of its location and convenience, or as investment it would realize, by renting, large per cent. on the cost. Terms easy. Price low For further information, apply to

W. P. PRICE,
21 Diamond, Allegheny.

PERSONAL.—All persons seeking HOMES, or investments in Real Estate, will save time, trouble and money by procuring a copy of the "PITTSBURGH REAL ESTATE REGISTER." It is given away GRATIS or will be sent by mail FREE to any requesting it. Persons cannot fail to get suited out of the large list it contains. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No. 129 FOURTH avenue.

$2,300 WILL BUY A NICE NEW BRICK HOUSE of 7 rooms, good cellar and Peach roof. Situate on Fulton street, near Caldwell. Enquire of W. WILTON, at the house. 2 14

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

A SUPERB VOLUME.

Price 50 Cents.

D. APPLETON & CO.,

90, 92 and 94 Grand Street,

NEW YORK,

HAVE JUST PUBLISHED,

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NEW YORK.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

SATURDAY, FEB

A

WILLIAM

Nos. 180 and 182 Federa

MANY GOOD BARGAINS

SUCH AS A LARGE LOT OF

REAL KID GLOVES,

AT $1.00 A PAIR.

At 18 3-4c. White Damask Towels, very cheap.
At 19c. White Huck Towels.
At $1.50 Honey Comb Quilts.
At $1.75 Fancy Honey Comb Quilts.
At 37 1-2c. 6-4 Table Linens, a good bargain.

Infants' Waists,
Loom and Hamburg Edgings.
Lace Collars and Handkerchiefs.
Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs.

NEW SPRING HATS & BONNETS,

Ribbons and Flowers,

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S.

Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

7 PER CENT. GOLD BONDS

AT 95.

Free of Government tax, issued by the

Burlington, Cedar Rapids & Minnesota Railroad Co.,

First Mortgage and convertible, and protected by a liberal Sinking Fund. Interest payable in Gold in New York or London. Principal payable in Coin in fifty years.

TRUSTEES—J. EDGAR THOMSON, President Penna. R. R. Co., CHAS. L. FROST, President Toledo, Peoria and Warsaw R. R. Co.

These Bonds, at present price of Gold, yield over 9 per cent. interest, and as an investment they are fully as secure as U. S. 6-20s, which now only pay 6½ per cent. in currency.

They are only issued upon each section of the road as fast as the same is completed and in successful operation. Over two and a half millions of dollars have been expended on the Road. Eighty-three miles are about completed and equipped, and already show large earnings; and the remainder of the line is rapidly progressing toward completion.

The State of Iowa, through which this Road runs, is one of the richest agricultural sections in America. Its large population, extending with surprising rapidity, and its immense yield of grain pork, wool and other agricultural products, create a pressing demand for the construction of this road, which passes directly through populated section of the State.

THE ROAD ALSO RUNS THROUGH THE RICH AND GROWING STATE OF MINNESOTA. Reference to the map of the United States will show that IT TRAVERSES THE MOST ENTERPRISING AND GROWING PORTION OF THE WEST, AND FORMS ONE OF THE SHORT AND DIRECT LINES OF DIRECT COMMUNICATION WITH NEW YORK, CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS, being to the latter city 90 miles near r from Northern Iowa and at portions of the State of Minnesota than by any other road now being built or projected, and also the nearest route from Central and Southern Iowa.

The road is opened for local traffic as rapidly as constructed, and thus RECEIVES EARNINGS FROM A PORTION OF THE LINE WHILE MONEY IN EXCESS OF THE AMOUNT NEEDED TO PAY THE INTEREST UPON ITS BONDS BEFORE THE ROAD IS FINISHED. The Buyer of these Bonds is therefore guaranteed, BY A GREAT BUSINESS ALREADY ESTABLISHED ON THE ROUTE OF THE ROAD, AS WELL AS BY NOW CURRENT EARNINGS, AND HAS NOT TO RISK ANY OF THE CONTINGENCIES WHICH ALWAYS ATTEND THE OPENING OF ROADS IN A NEW AND UNSETTLED COUNTRY.

A limited quantity of these Bonds are now offered at 95.

After a thorough investigation of the above enterprise, we recommend these Bonds as a first-class investment, affording absolute safety, and paying an unusually liberal rate of interest. All marketable securities at their full price, free of commission and express charges, received in payment. Pamphlets and maps furnished on application.

HENRY CLEWS & CO,

Bankers, No. 32 Wall St., N. Y.

The belief that **the Government will fund the 5-20s into a 4½ per cent. loan** makes it desirable for investors to look for some **SAFE 6 per cent. bonds at market rates to-day, WHICH THERE IS NO QUESTION**, for which they can exchange their Government bonds—**Capitalizing the premium and get a higher rate of interest. Holders of 6-20 bonds at market rates to-day get but six and a quarter per cent. currency interest**, while the bonds we offer **PAY OVER TEN PER CENT.**

We have carefully examined these bonds **carefully examined**, and being familiar with the wealth and resources of the counties as well as **the financial standing** and efficient management of the parties in control of this enterprise, **we recommend these bonds as a first-class investment.**

S. McCLEAN & CO., Bankers,

No. 75 Fourth Ave., Pittsburgh, Pa.

P. S.—On account of our largely increased business, and for the better

FINANCIAL.

AMERICAN BANK,

NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200,000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

Thos. M. Marshall, Wm. T. Shannon, James W. Arrott, Chas. H. Leech, John Floyd, John M. Murtland, Archibald Wallace, Jas. D. Kelly, Wm. Floyd.

This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.

jel0:84

GOLD,

SILVER AND COUPONS,

Bought at Highest Prices.

PH. R. MERTZ, Banker,

Cor. Wood St. and 5th Avenue

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JAMES T. BRADY & Co.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood St.,

BANKERS,

Buy and sell all kinds of

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

☞ Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

5000 ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.

7-30 BONDS,

For sale at

N. HOLMES & SONS.

fel2:63

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW YORK, Feb. 18, 1870.

Money is easy at 4@6 on call; prime discounts 6@8. Sterling is steady at 83@9. The Gold market was a scene of animation this afternoon, with transactions alternately at 19@19¼. There was an exceptional transaction at 19¾. The bear element is still very persistent, but no headway was made to-day in their interest. At 19¼ there seemed large orders to buy, and some amounts were taken at that figure. The price opened at 19 and closed at 19¼@19¼.

Carrying rates 5¼@3 per cent. to flat. Clearances, $47,000,000.

Government Securities strong. Coupons, '81, 17¾@18; do '62, 15@15¼; do '64, 14@14¼; do '65, 14¼@14¾; do new, 15@15¼; do' 67, 15¾@13¾; do '68, 13¾@13¾; 10 40's, 12¾@12¾; Currency 6s, 11¾@11¾.

State bonds dull: Missouris, 90¼; old Tennessees, 67; new do, 49¼; old Virginias, 62½; new do, 66; old North Carolines, 45¾; new do, 25¾; Louisiana levee sixes, 60.

Five-Thirty Prices.—Canton, 57¼; Cumberland, 33½; Western Union Telegraph, 34¾; Quicksilver, 13¾; Mariposa, 10¾; do. preferred, 20¾; Adams Express, 62½; Wells & Fargo, 20; American, 37¼; United States, 51; Pacific Mail, 42¾; New York Central, 97¾; Erie, 26½; do. preferred, 46¼; Hariem, 146; do. preferred 150; Hudson Scrip, 95¼; Reading, 97; Michigan Central, 121; Lake Shore, 87¾; Illinois Central, 143; Pittsburgh, 101¾; Northwestern, 72¾; do. preferred, 89½; Rock Island, 120; St. Paul, 65¾; St. Paul preferred, 79¼; Wabash, 47¾; do. preferred 70; Fort Wayne, 92; Alton and Terre Haute, 32¾; do. preferred, 60; C. & A., 115; do preferred, 115; C. & M., 31½; New Jersey Central, 100; C. C. & C., 74; St. Joe, 105; Dubuque, 110; C. C. & I. C., 20½; Marietta, 24 preferred, 35½.

Sub-Treasury balance: gold, $77,293,569; currency, $8,248,085; general balance, $85,661,911.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, Feb. 18, 1870.

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold: 119¼. United States Sixes, 1881, 117¾; Five-Twenties, 1862, 115½; do. 1864, 114¼; do. 1865, 114¼; Ten-Forties, 112¾; Five-Twenties, January and July, 1865, 113¼; do. do. 1867, 113¾; do. do. 1868, 113¾; Union Pacific Railroad, 87¾; Central do, do, 90¾; Cy Pacific, 111¾; Lake Superior —.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, Feb. 18, 1870.

Business generally continues dull, and what is worse still there is not much prospect of any immediate improvement. The demand for all of the leading commodities is confined almost wholly to supplying immediate wants, there being an almost total absence of anything like a speculative feeling, while in regard to values there are no important changes. Some time ago it was thought that the stagnation in business was owing mainly to the stringency in money matters; there is no difficulty now in obtaining money for legitimate trade, but there is no improvement in business.

APPLE BUTTER—Quoted at 65@75c.

APPLES—Market steady but unchanged; sales in a regular way, at $2,50@3.50 per bbl.

BUTTER—Continues quiet and unchanged; sales of prime to choice at 33@35c—common and inferior in good supply and very dull.

CLEANS—In good supply and dull; may be fairly quoted at $2@2,25 per bushel.

BROOMS—Store prices: No. 2, $3,75. No. 3, $4,50; No 4, $5,00; No. 5, $6,50. Carpet Brooms, $3,00@6,50.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Dull at 3 cts.

BROOM CORN—4@6½ cts per pound.

CHEESE—Is steady but unchanged; Western Reserve and Hamburg, 16½@17; Factory, 17@17½; New York State Farm Dairy, 18@19; New York Gen. 20, 19½@20.

CARBON OIL—Continues quiet and unchanged; we continue to quote in a jobbing way at 26@26½, for standard brands.

CRANBERRIES—Sales of prime cultivated at $14,50@15 per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—Continues in good supply and very dull. Apples 7@8 cts. Peaches 8@9c for quarters, and 10@11c for halves. Blackberries, 14@15 cts, and pitted Cherries, 25@30 cts.

DRESSED HOGS—Offerings continue very light, but the demand, also, is very limited; we quote at 10¾@11 cts.

EGGS—Fresh packed in good supply and cannot fairly be quoted above 22@23 cts.

FEATHERS—Sales at 85@90, and the usual advance for small lots, in a retail way.

FLOUR—Continues very dull with a supply fully up to the demand and prices are barely sustained. We continue to quote western flours at $5@5,50 for spring and $5,75@6,00 for winter. Rye flour, $5,00.

GRAIN—Wheat is quiet and nominally unchanged; $1,10@1,12 for prime, and $1,13@1,14 for choice. The arrivals of oats continue liberal and the market is dull though prices are unchanged; dealers continue to quote at 43@45, buying, and 47@48, selling. Corn, also, is dull and unchanged; ear is being offered on wharf and track at 73@75. Rye continues dull and so far as we can learn there are no buyers above 85. Barley is dull with a continued drooping tendency; dealers, generally, are only offering 90 to 95 for spring, and $1,40@1,40 for fall. Some of them predict that spring barley will sell here at 75 or 80c before long.

HAY—May be quoted at $15@22 from country wagons, as to quality. Baled, on wharf, $16@20.

HUSKS—Sales at 2½@3c per pound.

HOMINY—Sales at $5,75@6,00 per bbl.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland white lime at $2@2,25 per bbl.

LARD OIL—City brands No. 1 extra quoted at $1,85@1,40, and No. 2 at 90.

ONIONS—Quiet and unchanged; $2@2,75 per bbl, as to quality.

PEANUTS—Tennessee at 8@9 cts.

PEAS—Dull; $2,00 per bushel.

POTATOES—Quiet and unchanged; sales in store at 50@55 per bushel.

PROVISIONS—The market continues rather dull and unsettled though generally, prices are without quotable change. Shoulders, 13 for plain and 14 for Sugar Cured; Ribbed Sides, 16¾@ for Sugar Cured; Clear do, 16¾@17; Breakfast Bacon, 18; Sugar Cured Hams, 18@18¾. Dried Beef, 20. Lard, 16 in tierces and 17@17¾ in bbls and kegs. Ham Sausage, 13¾. Mess Pork, $28½@29.

POULTRY—Receipts continue very light and market is almost bare. We continue to quote dressed chickens, at 14@15 cts., and dressed turkeys, 18@20.

SEEDS—There is a continued fair demand for Clover seed, and it is quoted firm, in store, at $8,50; sales to the trade at $8@8¾. Timothy seed still quoted at $4,50@5, and Flaxseed at $2,10@2,15.

STRAW—Sales of rye straw at $16, and oats at $10@14.

SALT—Is quoted at $1,75 by the car load.

TALLOW—Sales of rendered at 9½; rough, 6@6¾. Market very quiet.

WHISKY—Very quiet; Highwines quoted at 98@$1; common rectified, $1; proof rectified $1,10.

PITTSBURGH IRON MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY, February 18, 1870.

The most important feature we have to notice is an increased volume of business, the sales in the aggregate being larger than for some weeks past, and, while, as might be expected, the feeling is somewhat better, there is no improvement in prices. It seems that eastern irons are not offering so freely, that is, there is not the same disposition to force sales, and as the depression was attributed to the anxiety of eastern furnacemen to realize, this will have a tendency to strengthen the market somewhat. As will be seen by reference to the report of sales, the operations have been restricted mainly to western irons, and the reason of this is owing, to some extent at least, to the fact that the most of the eastern irons offering, recently, were of an indifferent quality, not the kind generally sought after, and this accounts for this iron being so hard to sell even at the decline. Everything else being equal, eastern irons, heretofore, always had the preference at the same price, and this, we presume, still holds good.

ANTHRACITE.

100 tons	Gray Neutral Forge	$36.50 6 mos
50 "	Cold Short Forge	36.00 6 mos
20 "	No. 2 Foundry	37.00 4 mos
30 "	No. 1 Foundry	41.00 4 mos
20 "	No. 1 do	40.00 4 mos
10 "	No. 1 do	39.00 4 mos
100 "	No. 1 Foundry	38.00 cash
100 "	No. 3 Red Short	35.00 4 mos
100 "	No. 3 Neutral	36.00 6 mos
100 "	No. 3 Neutral	36.00 6 mos
80 "	No. 3 Neutral	36.00 4 mos
200 "	No. 3 Neutral Forge to arrive	37.00 4 mos
200 "	No. 3 Neutral Forge to arrive	37.00 4 mos
150 "	No. 3 Neutral Forge to arrive	37.00 4 mos

BITUMINOUS COAL SMELTED FROM LAKE SUPERIOR ORE.

300 tons	Good Gray Forge	$36.50 5 mos
200 "	Good Medium Gray Forge to arrive	36.00 4 mos
520 "	Favorite brand Strictly Gray Forge to arrive	36.50 4 mos
1,000 "	Medium Close Gray Forge to arrive	36.00 6 mos
1,000 "	Medium to arrive	36.00 6 mos
1,400 "	Good Medium Gray Forge	36.00 4 mos
600 "	Favorite brand	36.50 4 mos
1,000 "	Common to Grade Close Gray	35.00 4 mos
100 "	Inferior to arrive	35.00 4 mos
950 "	Good Medium F'ge to arrive	36.00 4 mos
250 "	Neutral Mixture	36.50 4 mos
1,000 "	Neutral Mixture to arrive	35.50 4 mos
1,000 "	Neutral to arrive	35.50 6 mos
300 "	Neutral Mixture with Native ore	36.50 4 mos
650 "	Good Medium Gray Forge	36.00 4 mos
300 "	Favorite Open Gray	36.50 4 mos
300 "	Favorite Open Gray to arrive	36.50 4 mos
200 "	Favorite Open Gray to arrive	36.50 4 mos
200 "	Favorite Open Gray to arrive	36.50 4 mos
500 "	Delivering at Furnace	34.50 4 mos
800 "	do do do	34.50 4 mos
300 "	do do do	34.50 4 mos
1,250 "	Good Medium Gray to arrive	36.00 4 mos
100 "	Inferior Forge to arrive	35.00 4 mos
700 "	Good Medium F'ge to arrive	36.00 4 mos
250 "	Open Gray to arrive	36.50 4 mos
200 "	do do do	36.50 4 mos
300 "	do do do	35.50 cash
500 "	Good Medium F'ge Deliverable at Furnace	34.50 4 mos
470 "	Good Medium F'ge Deliverable at Fur.	34.00 4 mos
400 "	Good Medium F'ge to arrive	36.00 4 mos

BLOOMS.

20 tons	Juniata	$35.00 6 mos
20 "	Juniata	104.00 4 mos

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, FRIDAY Feb. 18, 1870.

The oil business continues very dull, and neglected, and what is worse still, there is not much prospect of any immediate improvement. There appears to be no inclination on the part of the trade to make any movement at present; indeed, there is no chance to do anything even if there was an inclination, as the business is completely hedged in on every side. Crude is much higher relatively than refined, and, as we have repeatedly noted, the oil interest here is languishing on account of the discrimination in freights to the sea-board, as it is alleged, that freights are higher from here than from Cleveland, notwithstanding the distance is not as great. There are other drawbacks in the way, but the two above noted are the most prominent and important, and if these could only be removed, there is not much doubt but what business would improve, and this is just what the trade are anxiously waiting for.

CRUDE.

No sales—market weak and very dull. Spot or seller this month may be quoted at 12¾@12¾; seller until July, 12¾@12¾; and buyer same time, 14¼—offer to sell at 14¼. Buyer all year, 16¾.

REFINED.

Like crude, very dull and weak, though prices are without quotable change. February, 29; March to May, 30; March to December, 31@31¼. Notwithstanding oil is so cheap now, there seems to be but very few buyers.

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL BY A. V. R. R.

Eagle Oil Works 320, on account B S Duncan; Peerless Oil Works 240, on account J B Finley; J Wilkins 80, on account A B Palmer; Spear Oil Works 156, on account A B Mills.

Total ..... 796 bbls

SHIPMENTS OF OIL BY A. V. R. R.

Citizens Oil Co. 102 bbls refined oil to Tack B.

Phil's. Phil's & S. 200 bbls ref. oil to W. P. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.

Total refined ..... 302 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY WEST PENN R. R.

Kirkpatrick & Lyon, 272 bbls to W. P. Logan & Bro., Phila.

Mentzer, H. & Co, 105 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total ..... 377 bbls.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, February 18.—Cotton 24¾c for middling uplands. Flour: sales at $4 75@5 for western, $5 20@5 85 for extra State, $5 75@6 for extra western, $5 70@6 30 for white wheat extra, $5 20@6 15 for round hoop Ohio, $5 70@6 25 for extra St. Louis, and $6 25@6 85 for good choice do. Whisky firmer: sales 350 bbls western free at 98@99c. Wheat dull and lower: sales 32,000 bus at $1 15@1 18 for small lots No. 2 spring, $1 27@1 30 for winter red and amber western, $1 40 for amber Tennessee, $1 50 for white Michigan, and $1 58@1 65 for choice white State. Corn sold at 79@85c for new mixed western; 70@75c, unsound do.; 90c, high mixed, nearly yellow; 86c@$1, new yellow Jersey and Southern. Oats: sold at 54@55c for western, chiefly at 54c, 59@61c for State. Coffee quiet. Sugar firm; sales 300 hhds Cuba at 9¼@10¼c. Molasses quiet; sales 150 bbls New Orleans at 70@78c. Petroleum quiet at 15c for crude and 30@31½c for refined. Pork firmer, sales 370 bbls at $26,75 for new mess; $21,50@27, prime; $23,25, prime mess; also 500 bbls new mess, seller 3 months, at $26,50. Beef steady; sales 135 bbls at $10@15 for plain mess; $14@17,50, new extra mess.

Latest—Flour closed quiet and without material change. Wheat dull, heavy and nominal at $1,14@1,18 for No. 2 spring and $1,26@1,30 for winter red and amber western. Rye nominal at 85@90c. Oats steady at 54@55c for western. Corn firm for new, with sales at 80@90c for sound mixed; old nominal. Pork dull with seller's mess for March at $26,62 and buyers at $26,50.

CINCINNATI, February 18.—Whisky firm and in good demand at 93c. Hogs nominally unchanged; receipts 150 only. Mess pork held firmly at $27 25, but not saleable at better than $27—country sold at this rate. Bulk meats in fair demand at 10¾c for shoulders, 13¾c for sides, 14¾c for clear rib sides, and 15c for clear do. Bacon quiet: shoulders 12½c nominally, with no sales; clear rib sides 16c, and clear 16¾@16¾c. Green meats sold at 9¾, 12¾, and 13¾c for shoulders, sides and hams. Sugar cured hams 18@19c, and plain do 16c, all packed. Petroleum 29@31c for refined. Beef cattle steady: good to extra $5 67 per cental gross.

CHICAGO, February 18.—Flour; sales at $4@4,50 for spring extras. Wheat, 87c for No 1 and 81¼@81¾c for No 2; closing at 81¼@81¾c. Corn very dull at 66@69¾c for No 2, and closing at 69¼c. Rye quiet and firmer at 66@68c, closing about 67¾c for No. 2. Highwines firm at 92@92½c for wood bound, 92¾c for iron bound. Provisions firm; mess pork 25c higher, closing at $26,87½ cash and seller March, $27,50 buyer March, $27 buyer April, and $26,75 seller April: meats firm, closing at 10@10¼c for dry salted shoulders, 12¾@13c for rough sides, 15¾c for short rib middles, and 16½ for short clear middles.

ST. LOUIS, February 18.—Tobacco quiet and unchanged. Cotton quiet at 24¼c. Hemp nominal at $2,25@2,40 for dressed. Whisky steady at 94c. Sugar dull at 11@13¼c for Louisiana. Coffee steady at 12¾@13c for medium to choice. Molasses firm at 80@85c for plantation.

CHICAGO, February 18.—Cattle steady and moderately active for good grades at $7@7,25; little doing in medium and common. Hogs active and prices a shade firmer; $8,30@8,60 for common, $8,75@$9,15 for fair to good, $9,25@9,50 for good to extra choice.

CLEVELAND, February 18.—Petroleum market quiet; refined held at 26c for prime light straw to white; standard white 26½c, and small lots for retail trade at 28@29c; crude dull at $5,70 per bbl.

PHILADELPHIA, February 18.—Flour active and well maintained; superfine at $4,37½@4,50. Petroleum steady; crude at 21c, refined at 29@29½c. Provisions unchanged. Whisky dull at 98c@$1.

MILWAUKEE, February 18.—Wheat dull at 80¾c for No. 1, and 81¾c for No. 2. Oats nominal. Corn quiet at 50c for new. Rye nominal. Dressed Hogs firmer at $10,50@10,75.

MEMPHIS, Feb. 18.—Cotton dull and nominal at 23¾@23½c; receipts 1,579 bales, exports 1,632; week's receipts 7,051 bales, exports 10,890; stock, 28,602 bales.

ST. LOUIS, February 18.—Cattle steady at 4¼@6½c for grass to common, and 6@7c for choice to extra. Hogs quiet at 7¾@9c for light to heavy.

NASHVILLE, February 18.—Cotton market dull; low middlings 22¾@22¾c and good ordinary 22¼c; stock 5,850.

BALTIMORE, February 18.—Whisky in good demand at 99c@$1.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, February 18.—The Dry Goods market to-day was particularly dull in all departments, but I expect surely a revival next week. There are plenty of Southern and Western buyers in town ready to buy when they see the market stationary and firm. No change of particular importance except Pequin 10-14 Brown from 50c to 52½c. The following are some of the prices of staple brands: Atlantic A, 17c; Pacific Ex., 16¾c; Augusta, 15; Agawam F, 12¾c; New York Mills, 22¾c; Wamsutta, 23c; Lonsdale, 17; Hope, 15; Amoskeag A, 16¾c; Standard Brown Drills, 17c; Amoskeag B L Denims, 30; Otis A and A, 26; Workingman's, 22.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, February 17.—2 cars lake sup ore, Jones & Laughlin; 2 do do, Reese, Graff & Dull; 2 do do, McKnight, Porter & Co; 10 do iron ore, Shoenberger, Blair & Co; 1 do do, Brown & Co; 1 car lumber, R A Lesley & Co; 1 car do, Graff, Bennett & Co; 150 bf bbls fish, S P Shriver; 25 bbls oil, W B Hays & Son; 5 bbls oil, Dalzell & Townsend; 10 casks soda, Colhoun & Son; 10 bdls hds, 15 bf bbls fish, E Heazleton; 12 bf bbls fish, Knox & Orr; 25 do do, W M Rankin & Bro; 60 do do, Johnson & Colvin; 10 bgs clover seed, McHenry & Hood; 100 bbls oil, J Spear & Co; 3 bbls butter, 2 sks rags, H Riddle; 12 bdls rockers, 25 do chairs, Bedford Chair Co; 12 bbls potatoes, Bruggerman & O'B; 21 bbls apples, 8 sks dried apples, 1 bbl eggs, H Jenkins; 15 sks corn, G Faesser; 17 bbls apples, 1 bbl eggs, J A Graff; 24 do charcoal, Seward & Emerson; 4 bf bbls apple butter, Woodworth & D.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, February 18.—2 cars cooperage, Hastings & Davis; 25 bbls highwines, Rodelheim & Affelder; 24 do do, S McCrickert & Co; 14 tes sausage, 4 do hams, J H Parker; 12 bales bgs, Mc Kee & Sons; 2 bales tobacco, John Greer; 6 bbls eggs, 1 do butter, S Doyel; 25 do flour, C A Boucher; 35 bgs feed, W H Nanker & Son; 40 do do, W C Brown; 8 pkgs produce, M W Rankin; 6 bbls eggs, 9 pkgs do, Jones, Pers, W H Graff & Co; 32 do corn, Meanor & Harper; 10 do corn, Watt, Lang & Co; 2 pkgs cigars, 19 do tobacco, John Fullerton; 40 kegs do, Swoger & Sr; 50 bf bbls do, Silkman & W; 5 bbls starch, Holmes, Bell & Co; 10 pkgs tobacco, John Wilson & Son; 50 bbls flour, A S Jones; 10 pkgs tobacco, Carter, McGrew & Co; 30 do do, R & W Jenkinson.

PITTSBURGH FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, February 18.—1 car barley, Pier, D & Co; 1 do lumber, W C Hopper; 100 bbls flour, Watt, L & Co; 100 do do, owner; 100 do do, Culp & S; 55 bbls crude oil, J Spear & Co; 3 bgs linseed, Cooper & Co; 1 bbl eggs, Woodworth & D; 10 do onions, Rudolph & S; 41 sks rags, McCullough, S & Co; 33 bbls shovels, Myers & A; 2 bbls eggs, 1 do butter, Head & M; 6 sks wool, W Barker Jr & Co; 18 bxs butter, 1 bbl eggs, 195 bgs barley, 10 do beans, Voigt, M & Co; 32 bxs cheese, owner; 6 do do, H Riddle; 200 bbls flour, owner; 30 do oil, Penn's R R Co; 5 bbls alcohol, Harris & E; 2 do do, G A Kelly; 160 pkgs lard, J P Hanna & Co; 50 tes lard, F Sellers & Co; 1 car bulk meat, Dalzell & T.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, February 18.—69 cars coal, Kier, Foster & K; 62 do do, Armstrong, D & Co; 18 do do, Coleman, R & Co; 3 do limestone, Shoenberger, B & Co; 1 do metal, McKnight, P & Co; 4 sks onion, E H Myers & Co; 47 do potatoes, F Baxmyer; 3 bbls tallow, G Haslee; 17 hides, C H Lappe; 8 bales rags, E Heazleton; 1 box eggs, Paul & G 49 bbls residum, W P Logan Bro; 1 car rye, J W Simpson; 90 bgs do, J S Finch & Co; 10 do c seed, 7 pkgs butter, 5 do eggs, W Sturgeon.

ALLEGHENY STATION February 18.—1 car flaxseed, M B Suydam; 1 do do, Ewer, Hamilton & Co; 279 bgs rye, 69 do barley, 1 car barley, J Rhodes & Co; 5 cars metal, Lewis, Bailey & Dalzell; 2 do do, Nimick & Co; 1 do do, Lindsay & Mccutcheon; 1 do do, Graff, Bennett & Co; 1 car middlings, R Knox & Son; 12 sks rags, J B Jones; 1 car hay, J H Hasson; 1 car lumber, John Narz; 1 car wheat, Kennedy Bro; 11 bbls flour, Smith & Duff; 2 cars ore, Graff, Byers & Co.

RIVER PACKETS.

CINCINNATI.

PITTSBURGH AND CINCINNATI PACKET LINE.

The new and splendid sidewheel Steamer ARLINGTON, DANIEL MOORE, Master, A. S. SHEPARD, Clerk, leaves Pittsburgh for Cincinnati every TUESDAY at 12 M. promptly. Returning, leaves Cincinnati for Pittsburgh, at 12 M. every FRIDAY.

For freight or passage, or other information, apply on board or to

JAMES COLLINS,

fe1 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

ST. LOUIS AND MISSOURI RIVER.

FOR ST. LOUIS AND MISSOURI RIVER.—The splendid passenger steamer GLENDALE.....Capt. HARE, Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on SATURDAY, Feb. 20th, at 4 P. M.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

fe16 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS.

FOR MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS.—The new side-wheel passenger steamer CITY OF EVANSVILLE.....Capt. H. DEXTER, will leave for the above and intermediate ports on WEDNESDAY, 23d inst.

For freight or passage apply on board or to

GIBBEST & FORTER,

fe18 FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

STEAMSHIPS.

TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.

THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS,

Numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the

CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP,
CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE,
CITY OF LONDON.

Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45 North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to

WILLIAM BINGHAM, Jr.,

143 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh.

CHEAP STOVES AND TINWARE.

FENDERS, COAL BOXES, FIRE IRONS, &c., at

P. C. DUFFY'S,

ja29:64 146 Grant street.

FINE CIGARS.

Just received, a fresh invoice "Fra Diavolo" and "Don Bon," London and Capelho Cigars also a choice assortment of Regalia and principal Cigars, for sale by the box or at retail at the Family Grocery Store of

JOHN A. RENSHAW.

fe12 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

RIVER NEWS.

Upper Rivers.

(By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph.)

MORGANTOWN, February 18.—River falling with 6 feet of water in the channel. Weather, snowing. Thermometer 22 at 4 P. M. C.

GREENSBORO, Feb. 18.—River stationary with 6½ feet water in the channel. Weather, snowing. Thermometer 23 at 4 P. M. F.

BROWNSVILLE, Feb. 18.—River stationary with 10 feet water in the channel. Weather, snowing. Thermometer 23 at 4 P. M. C.

OIL CITY, Feb. 18.—River rising fast with 50 inches water in channel. Weather, stormy. Thermometer 44 at 6 P. M. F.

The river was again rising last evening, with 11 feet in the channel by the Monongahela marks. Weather has again turned cold; mercury 25, against 55 on Thursday evening.

There was but very little business transacted at the levee yesterday, which was owing to the stormy werther.

The Argosy, from Cincinnati, is the only arrival we have to report. She will probably return early next week.

The City of Evansville had steam up yesterday testing her engines, and we are informed that they worked satisfactorily. As will be seen by reference to card, she is announced to depart next week for New Orleans.

The Belle arrived and departed for Wheeling.

The Glendale, Capt. Hare, will not get off for St. Louis until next week. She is one of the best boats, in all respects, in the trade,

Capt. Brennan, says that he has not yet decided on a name for his new boat. We expect that the first intimation we will have will be when we see it painted on the wheel house.

The R. C. Gray, will probably follow the Glendale to St. Louis. The Mary Davage is also announced for St. Louis.

—We clip the following from the St. Louis *Democrat*: Capt. Lowery, a well-known coal operator of Pittsburgh, is in the city, and earnestly desired us to make the following statement: Three months ago he saw the boilers of the Maggie Hays tested, and she was pronounced perfect, and "A. No. 1." When she left Pittsburgh, the boilers were in perfect condition, as well as the hull. "Was it not so," Capt. Lowery pertinently asks, "is it likely that so careful a boatman as Rees is known to be, would have permitted four members of his family to have gone on the boat?". There was no insurance on the Maggie Hays. Capt. Rees owns eight or ten steamers, on which there is no insurance; he never insures.

—Says the Cincinnati *Commercial*: Mr. Dravo, clerk of the Maggie Hays, informs us she was coming up the river, flying light, when she exploded. He says she did not have a pound of freight, only 1,000 bushel of coal for fuel. She was going to St. Louis to load, instead of Cincinnati.

—Capt. John K. Moody, a well known steamboatman, for many years connected with the steamboat interest between Pittsburgh and Cincinnati, died at Memphis, on Tuesday. He was freight clerk of the Jacob Strader, and first clerk of the Switzerland for several years.

—Captain John Shaw's new sternwheeler for the Mountain trade, building at Brownsville, Pennsylvania, is all in frame and being planked. She will be completed in good time. Her name is not decided on, but it will be that of some big "injun."

—Capt. Timothy A. Packard, who some time since met with a serious accident, which necessitated the amputation of one of his legs, died very suddenly at the Sister's Hospital, at St. Louis, on Tuesday.

—The Little Rock *Republican* of the 15th says: The river is gitting lower and lower, and steamers dare not risk trip to Fort Smith, Dardanelle and Spadra being the head of navigation at present.

—A late Memphis paper says: Mr. W. H. Brown and Mr. Bigley, extensive coal dealers, of Pittsburgh, are in the city on an inspecting tour along the Mississippi.

—Cincinnati and St. Louis pilots are receiving $100 for 15 day trips, and at the rate of $200 per month for every day over that time.

—The Messenger and Carrie V. Kountz left New Orleans for Pittsburgh on Wednesday.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c.

CARPETS.

REDUCED.

Oil Cloths, Window Shades,

DRUGGETS.

DRUGGET SQUARES,

Ingrain Carpets,

At the Lowest Prices Ever Offered.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.

21 FIFTH AVENUE.

REDUCTION IN

CARPETS

For a Short Time to Prepare for

SPRING TRADE.

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO

Have marked their goods down below last season's prices. Full lines of

Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Druggets, &c.,

AT

EASTERN PRICES.

Rare bargains can be secured by those anticipating their wants or by taking advantage of the inducements offered by

OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,

23 Fifth Avenue.

fe1

HOLIDAY GIFTS.

Positive Reduction in Prices

OF

PIANO COVERS,

Mosaic,
Axminster,
Wilton Rugs,
Crumb Cloths,
&c., &c.

M'CALLUM BROS.,

No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,

de23 ABOVE WOOD STREET.

WOOLEN DRUGGETS

AND

FELT CARPETS,

1¼, 1½, 2, 2½, 3, 3¼, 3½ and 3⅝

YARD WIDE.

BORDERED SQUARES

Suitable for Parlors.

DINING ROOM CRUMB CLOTHS,

Woolen, Linen and Cotton,

AT LOWER PRICES THAN LAST SEASON

Notwithstanding the undiminished tariff on these goods.

M'FARLAND & COLLINS,

71 and 73 Fifth Avenue.

oc29:63

LARGE SHIPMENTS OF ALL kinds of fresh lake fish are received daily at Bebel, Pelgrese's popular fish stand, No. 98 Diamond Market, Pittsburgh, and at the Twin City Stand, Allegheny City, corner of Federal and Ohio streets. Our long experience in the business enables us to always have on hand a first class article, and can sell White Fish, Salmon, Herring, Black Bass and White Perch all at very low prices. Give us a call, we will insure a fine article. Wholesale or retail. All orders filled promptly.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ CONSUMPTION.

DR. SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP for the cure of Coughs, Colds and Consumption.

DR. SCHENCK'S SEAWEED TONIC for the cure of Dyspepsia and all the Debilitated Conditions of the Stomach.

DR. SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS, for Diseases of the Liver or to act as a Gentle Purgative.

All of these three Medicines are often required in curing Consumption, though the Pulmonic Syrup alone has cured many desperate cases. The Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, assist in regulating the Stomach and Liver, and help the Pulmonic Syrup to digest and assimilate the food to the blood vessels, by which means a cure is effected.

These Medicines are conscientiously offered to the Public as the only safe, certain and reliable remedy for Pulmonary Consumption, and for all those morbid conditions of the body which lead to that fatal disease. Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia are often companions of Consumption, and when they manifest themselves they require the most prompt attention.

The Pulmonic Syrup is a medicine which has had a long probation before the public. Its value has been proved by the thousand cures it has made through a period of more than thirty-five years, in all of which time its reputation has increased, and the most acute taste skepticism can no longer doubt. that it is a remedy which may be used with confidence in all cases which call for a cure.

If the patient will perseveringly follow the directions which accompany each bottle, he will certainly be cured, if his case are not too much wasted to make a cure possible. Even in cases supposed to be incurable, when friends and physicians have despaired, the use of this Medicine has saved the life of the patient and restored him to perfect health.

Dr. Schenck does not say that all cases of Pulmonary Consumption are within the reach of medicine, but he emphatically asserts that even when patients have the most alarming symptoms, such as a violent cough, spitting of blood, night sweats, general debility, even to such a degree that they are obliged to lie in bed, and when they are given up by their physicians and friends, to be cured. No medical treatment can create new lungs, but when the lungs are very sadly diseased and to some extent destroyed, a cure may be effected by Dr. Schenck's medicines.

Also, in Scrofulous Diseases, these medicines are equally efficient. Dr. Schenck has photographs of a number of persons who have been nearly covered with running sores and now all healed up. These sores show its purifying properties, which must be able to heal cavities in the lungs.

In the treatment of Consumption it is of the utmost importance to give vigor and a healthy tone to the system. Hence it is necessary to strengthen the appetite, so as to digest and improve the digestion. Proper nourishment is required together with such means as will make the food easily digestible. The articles most suitable for the diet of Consumptive patients are designated in Dr. Schenck's Almanac, which are distributed gratuitously. In general, the most highly nutritious articles are to be preferred, but the digestive organs must be at first strengthened in order to make either food or medicine effectual. This requirement is met by the Seaweed Tonic, and for this purpose it was designated

When the digestive powers are put in good order, the food has its proper effect; the system of the patient is invigorated and it is thus begin to exercise their functions in a normal and healthy manner. Then the healing powers of Pulmonic Syrup will effect the cure.

Pulmonic Consumption is almost always complicated with Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint. Schenck's Mandrake Pills are in order to remove obstructions from the Liver and restore a healthy action. They have all the efficacy which is ascribed to calomel or "blue mass," and are warranted to contain no particle of mineral poison. These Pills cure the most obstinate costiveness, sick headache, piles, bilious affections, and all other diseases which arise from a torpid or obstructed condition of the Liver. One box of these pills will prove the efficacy of the medicine.

In Consumption on the Sea Weed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are invaluable auxiliary medicines They relieve the sufferings of the patient and lengthen the period of life. Many cases which have been found useful in advanced stages of Consumption, where the lungs are almost entirely destroyed, and all symptoms according to the judgment of the physician in attendance apparently fatal. The worst of patients will derive great benefit by a dying condition have been preserved for months by the use of Schenck's three great remedies.

Dr. Schenck's Almanac contains a full treatise on all the various forms of disease, his mode of treatment, and general directions how to use his medicine, can be had gratis, or will by mail by addressing his Principal Office, No. 15, North 6th street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by druggists.

de27:d&w

☞ DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That unfortunate class of persons suffering from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, dimness of sight, confusion of ideas, and finally impotency permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints, as a politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. In many instances, the best of medicines has enabled him to perfect remedies at once efficacious, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms, also boar

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

THE CITY.

Change of Base.

The press and offices of the Daily and Weekly GAZETTE will be removed, from the 20th to the last of March, from their old stand on Fifth avenue to the large, four-storied "GAZETTE Buildings," at the corner of Smithfield street and Sixth avenue, recently purchased by the proprietors as a permanent home for the GAZETTE.

Wants, For Sale and For Rent will be found on 2d page.

The snow plow was put at work on the Citizens' Passenger Railway yesterday.

The Gas Committee held a meeting last night and considered petitions for the erection of twenty-eight gas lamps in various parts of the city.

Coroner Clawson held an inquest yesterday on the body of John Kampston, a child who died suddenly of congestion of the brain, in the Ninth ward Thursday night.

The Pittsburgh and Birmingham and the Central Passenger Railways were only running half the usual number of cars yesterday, but have four horses attached to each car.

Editors Gazette: After six years trial of the "Keeler scales" at our boiler works we freely say that we neither know nor want better scales.

JAMES THORN & Co.

Taken Back.—Stephen Diggins and Jim Harris, the colored boys who were arrested on a charge of larceny on Wednesday, were yesterday taken back to Uniontown by officer Lucien Bunting, of that place.

Ferocious Dog.—S. Hooper made information before Alderman Newbert yesterday against John Ford for keeping a ferocious dog. The animal, it is alleged, attacked and severely bit Hooper's son. Warrant issued.

Edward Faicke made information before Alderman Newbert yesterday, charging Jacob Reifer with larceny. The parties boarded at a hotel on Seventh avenue, and it is alleged Keefer appropriated some of the deponent's clothing. Warrant issued.

Family Jars.—Mrs. Hannah Davis made information before the Mayor yesterday, charging her husband, John Davis, with assault and battery, alleging that the accused struck her with his fist and knocked her down. She further alleges that he threatened to kill her, and an information for surety of the peace was issued.

A rare chance for those wanting anything in the way of hardware, as Mr. N. Stupy, at 144 Smithfield street, is engaged in business out of the city, will sell off his well selected stock of goods at cost prices. By all means do not let this escape your notice, for you may look for bargains. He also has his counter and shelving to dispose of, all within thirty days.

A hearing was had yesterday in the case of Neill Briceland, charged with threatening to knock all the teeth out of Charles Grady's mouth. It appeared on the hearing that Mr. Grady was the fortunate possessor of but one incisor, and that in the last stage of decay, but the Alderman feeling that the obstreperous Neill might commit mayhem, ordered his ejection and forcibly remove that one, held the accused to bail for Court.

Rough Treatment.—Patrick Conner made information before Alderman McMasters against Fred. Williamson, barkeeper at the "Three Pigeons," on Ross street, for assault and battery. Conner stopped at the house the other evening, when by some misfortune he incurred the displeasure of Williamson, who thereupon, he alleges, attacked and beat him unmercifully. The accused was arrested and held for a hearing.

Valuable Coal Lands for Sale.—Mr. A. McIlwaine, auctioneer, will expose at his salesrooms, No. 106 Smithfield street, on Tuesday, March 15th, as per extended advertisement elsewhere announced, several of the very best coal fields of Western Pennsylvania, located in Baldwin township. This property will be sold cheap and it invites the attention of all capitalists who are desirous of making a good investment. Read the advertisement.

Megraw's, No. 45 Ninth (Hand) street, is not the only place in the city where tobacco and cigars are sold, but lovers of the weed, after one purchasing at this establishment, never care to hunt any other. The stock on hand is always large and of the very best character. Mr. Megraw's long experience in the trade enables him to anticipate the wants of his patrons, and as a consequence, he has no lack of customers. Call at 45 Ninth street.

Charity Fair.—The voting on the following articles will close to night and we trust there will be a liberal attendance: On the elegant set of gauges and tongs for the most popular iron roller. The dish for the most popular iron boiler. The gold watch for the most popular and charitable gentleman. The contests runs high and a great deal of interest is manifested. To-night the Fair closes, and doubtless the cessation will be crowned with an immense attendance.

Alleged Nuisance.—Yesterday morning Robert Arthurs made information before Alderman McMasters, charging Thomas Graham with maintaining a public nuisance. The parties own adjoining properties in the Sixth ward, and the difficulty is in relation to obstructing an alley which runs between them. Arthurs alleges Graham built a fence across the thoroughfare and completely blocked it up, claiming that it was private, when in fact it is a public alley. The disputed strip runs between Roberts and Miller streets. The accused was arrested and gave bail for a hearing.

That Plagiarism.

The volunteer critic of the *Mail*, who unblushingly branded Professor Ebert a musical plagiarist, has indiscreetly developed his identity, and we now leave him to enjoy the dilemma into which his envy and jealousy have consigned him. We quote, as an end of the controversy, and with hearty endorsement, the pointed and truthful language of a contemporary which severely criticised the merits of Professor Ebert's original composition, but was honorable enough to say that "every musician knows that the compositions cited by the *Mail* as having been used, contain nothing resembling the Agnus Dei of the Professor, and that the writer of the *Mail* was simply writing on a subject of which he was profoundly ignorant. Professor Ebert should not be deterred in his laudable efforts by the conceited sneers of those who cannot distinguish between just criticism and captious censure."

Fire on Fourth Avenue.

About twelve o'clock last night, a fire occurred in Herbst's Ordinary on Fourth avenue, between Wood and Market streets. The fire originated in the cellar where the bake-oven is situated and as the oven had been in use during the evening, it is probable the fire originated from it. The alarm was given by some one passing the place, who saw the smoke issuing from the cellar and the store room in great volumes, and when the fire department arrived, not knowing where the fire was the water was thrown into the store and dining room, causing a much greater destruction of property than would otherwise have occurred. The loss, which was principally caused by water, could not be definitely ascertained last night, but Mr. Herbst thought it would approximate three thousand dollars. He has an insurance of $2,000 on stock and fixtures and $2,500 on silverware.

More of Them.

Since the arrest of James Johnson and his return to this city, a number of notes, alleged to be forgeries, have "turned up." Yesterday, Ex-Mayor Jas. Blackmore made information before the Mayor, charging Johnson with forgery, in which he alleges that he endorsed a note for $1,500, on which the names of Robert Johnson and D. Gilmore appeared as first and second endorsers. When the note fell due Robert Johnson and D. Gilmore alleged that their names had been forged, and the consequence was Mr. Blackmore had to pay the note. A warrant was issued and served on Johnson, who is in jail, whereupon he waived a hearing and a commitment was lodged against him.

James McKinney also made information, charging Johnson with forging the names of James Hastings and Robert Johnson to a note for $700, which note was afterward indorsed by McKinney. A warrant was issued in this case, and a commitment will probably be lodged against Johnson this morning.

THE COUNTY HOME.

Directors' Annual Report—Interesting Statements—Condition of the Institution—Finances, Inmates, &c.

R. H. Davis, Esq., President of the Board of Poor Directors of the County Home, has prepared an interesting and complete annual report, from which the following instructive statistics and information is received:

FINANCES.

The total receipts during the year, including a balance on hand at date of last report, were $82,060 25, and the expenditures for all purposes $50,138 95, leaving an unexpended balance January 1st, 1870, of $1,921 30. The expenditures were as follows: For subsistence and all expenses pertaining to the "Home" and farm proper, $14,142 32; out door relief proper, $4,090 71; for patients at the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, $8,318 50; for permanent improvements, $812 34; to other Institutions and Districts, $683 97; to invested indemnity fund, $60; for amount collected for sundry persons, $1,020; for fees, fares and expense out doors, $136 66; for wheat for 1870, $500; for insurance, $634 17; chargeable to 1870 and 1871, $544 45.

INMATES.

The cost of the "Home" proper and farm, including all ordinary expenses and repairs, and all salaries, was $14,142 32; annual average cost of each inmate, $82 71; weekly average cost of each inmate $1,59. This is the actual money cost, without adding anything for the market value of the productions of the farm. Number of inmates January 1st, 1869, 184; number admitted during the year, 246; number born in the "Home," 9; total, 439; discharged during the year, 224; died at the "Home," 26; total, 249; number of inmates December 31st, 1869, 190. Of the number 98 are adult males; 46 adult females; 27 boys and 19 girls; average during the year, 171.

THE INSANE.

The average number of insane kept at the Western Pennsylvania Hospital at Dixmont, for the year, has been thirty-one, besides an average of nineteen committed by the Court of Quarter Sessions, charged by the Hospital to the County Commissioners. They pay the account and then collect from the County Home. The total amount paid during the year was $8,318 50. The Directors report that they have received $474 65 toward the cost of two insane patients, part of which was due previous to 1869. The report says: "It will be noticed that the sum paid for the maintenance of our insane is very large. The prospect is, that the year 1870 will cost more, as this terrible malady seems to be largely on the increase. And as we keep all our insane at the Western Pennsylvania Hospital, they of course cost much more than they would if kept at the Home. But we have no facilities to make them comfortable or do them good there. A few of our insane patients will be turned over to the cities of Allegheny and Pittsburgh, on the settlement of accounts growing out of the addition of parts of our District to theirs."

PRODUCTS OF THE FARM.

During the year the products of the farm were as follows: Hay, fifty tons; wheat, three hundred and seventy-three bushels; rye, twenty six bushels; oats, eight hundred and nineteen bushels; corn, in the ear, three thousand and sixty bushels; potatoes, one thousand three hundred and fifty bushels; onions, fifty bushels: tomatoes, two hundred bushels; beans, twenty bushels; pork, eight thousand one hundred and ninety one pounds; beef, one thousand one hundred and seventy pounds; veal, nine hundred and eighty-nine pounds.

IRELAND'S PATRON SAINT.

St. Patrick's Day—Meeting at Lafayette Hall—Arrangements for a Celebration.

A meeting of citizens of Irish nationality was held at Lafayette Hall last evening, to make arrangements for celebrating the anniversary of the birth of Ireland's patron saint, the 17th of March.

The meeting was organized at eight o'clock by calling Dr. Donnelly to the chair. Alderman John A. Strain and Hon. R. H Korr, were elected Vice Presidents, and B McGinness and Andrew Hayden, Secretaries.

The Chairman stated the object of the the meeting to be the appointment of Marshals and a Committee of Arrangements.

Messrs. Andrew Hayden, E. P. Donnelly and Alderman John A. Strain were nominated as candidates for Chief Marshal.

A vote was taken and Alderman Strain unanimously elected.

Andrew Hayden and Thomas Hughes were elected Assistant Marshals.

On motion of R H. Kerr, the Chief Marshal was authorized to appoint the necessary aids.

On motion of C. B. Strain, the chairman was instructed to appoint a committee of arrangements, fifteen in number, of which Dr. Donnelly should be chairman.

On motion of C. B. Strain, all societies or organizations intending to participate in the celebration, were requested to report the fact to the Chief Marshal two weeks prior to the 17th of March.

On motion the Chief Marshal, in conjunction with the Committee of Arrangements, was appointed a Finance Committee.

R. H. Kerr was called upon to address the meeting, and responded in his usual eloquent manner.

The meeting then adjourned.

Our County Fiscal Affairs.

The Annual Report of Controller Lambert, a pamphlet of forty two pages, of the fiscal affairs of Allegheny county, is now printed. We have not space for the entire document, a general abstract of which appeared in this journal a month since. We make additional quotations of interest. Under the head of "ordinary county expenses" we have the following:

Commissioners' Office	$ 5,916 17
Controller's "	4,295 68
Treasurer's "	4,000 00
Sheriff's "	
Coroner's "	4,694 60
Solicitor's "	918 88
Court House	2,695 63
County Jail	11,694 93
Court House and Jail	66,105 35
Court of Quarter Sessions	35,752 22
Court of Common Pleas	17,768 86
District Court	19,079 27
Supreme Court	1,068 62
Assessment of Taxes	9,135 38
Election Expenses	3,645 86
Printing, Stationery and Advertising	6,267 46
Bridges	6,245 86
Roads	3,591 87
New Townships	347 50
Mayors of Pittsburgh and Allegheny	1,625 00
Aldermen and Justices of Peace	1,794 92
Constables	3,117 22
House of Refuge	21,569 19
Western Penn'a Hospital	8,408 21
Premium on Fox Scalps	24 25
Contingent Fund	1,547 55
Sinking Fund	25,000 00
State Auditor	160 00
Prothonotary's Office	434 87
Work House and Inebriate Asylum	33,420 00
Outstanding Warrants previous to May 20th, 1861	7,757 63
Western Penitentiary	1,659 85
Law Library	

The debt for the county is stated thus:

FUNDED DEBT.

No.		
1	Certificates of Loan, 6 per ct	$ 40 0 0 00
2	Volunteer bounty bonds, 6 per ct	1,250 00
3	Work house and Inebriate Asylum bonds, 7 per ct	87,000 00
4	Compromise bonds, 5 per cent. Certificates	42,061,000 00
	Compromise bonds, 5 per cent. Registered	141,967 48
	Compromise scrip, 5 per cent. Registered	117 48
		2,273 054 96
	Total Funded Debt	2,339,304 96

FLOATING DEBT

Counterfeigned warrants, dancing	197 11
Compromise indebtedness not funded exclusive of interest	149,000 00
Total Floating Debt	$ 149,197 11

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—Notwithstanding the inclement weather, the announcement that Mrs. D. P. Bowers was to appear in the grand historical drama of "Mary Stuart" was sufficient to draw a large and fashionable audience to the Opera House. The play going people of our cities fully appreciating Mrs. Bowers' unrivaled histrionic talent and unmistakable genius, were anxious to see her in a *role* in which her talent would be brought out in all its power and brilliancy, and we feel confident that no one was disappointed. Her conception of the author's ideas of that most remarkable woman were true and faultless. She was admirably supported by Mr. McCollom in the role of Lord Douglass, and by Miss Osborne as Elizabeth. This afternoon "Snare, or What Can't Money Do," will be presented, and this evening she will appear in "Madelaine, the Belle of the Faubourg," the entertainment concluding with "Katharine and Pertruchio," in which Mr. McCollom will appear in the role of Petruchio.

CONCERT.—The music loving portion of the community should remember that the sale of seats for the Grand Organ Concerts which are to be given at the Third Presbyterian Church, Sixth avenue, on the 22d and 23d inst., will take place at Mellor's music store, at nine o'clock this morning.

COUNCIL BUSINESS.

The Market Committee

Of City Councils held a meeting last night at their chamber in City Hall. There were present Messrs. Chairman McEwen, Booth, Caskey, Jahn, Littell, McCoy and Wainwright. The minutes of the preceding meeting were read and approved. A petition was received from several colored citizens requesting the free use of City Hall on the jubilee occasion. Received, and a nominal rent fixed for the occasion to cover full expenses for use of building. A remonstrance was read, signed by a number of butchers, against the advance of rents for the stalls in the Diamond market. The paper was received, but no action adverse to Council proceedings was taken. A similar remonstrance from the fish dealers was read and received without action. The chairman presented a draft of the leases to be given the butchers in the city markets, which was adopted. A petition asking for a market house on Centre avenue was read and action postponed. A resolution from Councils, relative to a new market house for the accommodation of the citizens of the 12th, 13th, 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th wards was presented by Mr. Wainwright. On motion a sub-committee, consisting of Messrs. Wainwright, McCoy, Smith, Thompson and Caskey, was appointed to select a suitable site for said purpose and to report to the Committee their decision. The question of advancing the rents of those occupying coffee stands in the Diamond market was brought up, and Messrs. McEwen and Kilgore were appointed to inquire into the prudence and expediency of advancing the rates. Considerable discussion ensued regarding the necessity for supplying the Diamond market house with water closets, and after a general expression of opinion Messrs. Kilgore and Wainright were appointed to ascertain what such conveniences might cost. Mr. Booth called attention to the fact that a gardener permitted his stand to be occupied by a huckster at times and asked that double rent be collected thereafter. The clerk was notified to make announcement to the aforesaid gardener, that double rent would hereafter be exacted. After the transaction of some other business the Committee adjourned.

We may here remark that the Market Committee was never better constituted for work, and all the members are deeply interested in the matters of which they have charge. The members have nearly all had large experience in the conduct of this branch of city affairs, and with the aid of Mr. McEwen, who has long and faithfully acted as Chairman of the Committee, things go smoothly and as merry as a marriage bell.

The Committee on Claims and Accounts of Councils met last night and considered various cases referred to it by Councils.

The Committee on Wooden Buildings of City Councils met last evening and adjourned without transacting much business.

The Street Committee will hold an important meeting next Tuesday night.

A BRILLIANT VICTORY.

Liebler, the Popular Trunk Man, Comes Off with the Elegant Gold Headed Cane Contested for by Numerous Persons at the Grand Charity Fair.

During the past two or three weeks an exciting contest has been carried on at the grand Charity Fair now in progress in the basement of St. Paul's Cathedral, for a beautiful, solid gold-headed cane, put up for the most popular and most charitable young man of the city. Many contestants early entered into the fight and a large vote was polled for each of them, several of whom felt confident that victory was soon to perch upon their banners. A bolt of terror however was launched among them when the name of Joseph Liebler, Nos. 124 and 106 Wood street, the great and popular representative of the trunk business, was run up on the bulletin as a candidate for the coveted prize. All individual exertion was futile, and combinations were hardly of use, for no young man in the city was better known or more generally esteemed and appreciated But the fight went on. The voting was heavy and large, and daily the excitement of sending in votes was more intense. Friends were rallied by the opposing candidates from all sections and the solid votes of rivals were deposited in vain against the trunk man, for on each evening he developed a large majority in his favor. Last night the contest was brought to a close and there were hundreds anxiously and impatiently awaiting the result. The voting was done quietly and at times some of the more sanguine rivals felt that Liebler was left in the rear. Not so. When the judges retired to count up the tally, was discovered that the trunk king had walked over the course and came out victorious with a victory closely approximating sixteen hundred majority! His friends had rallied around his banner, and, unsolicited, discharged their full duty towards him, and in a manner as liberal, as just and worthy. Mr. Liebler should feel proud of his great victory. Many would give a thousand times the value of the cane to know that they enjoy the confidence and appreciation of their friends to such an unqualified extent, as Mr. Liebler must feel to day.

ROASTED ALIVE.

A Drunken Man Lies Down by a Coke Oven and is Seriously Burned.

About twelve o'clock last night an officer on duty on Second avenue, near "Pipetown" coke ovens, discovered a man who gave his name as John Duncan, who was burned in a most frightful manner. It appears that he was intoxicated and had laid down in front of one of the ovens to keep warm, and lay there until his right arm from the shoulder to the hand, and his right side from the arm pit to the hip were burned to a crisp. He was brought to the station house and Dr. Murdoch was sent for. He dressed the wound and then had the man sent to the Homeopathic Hospital. Duncan says he is a baker and formerly worked on Second avenue. He was suffering terribly from his injuries, and, it appears, had wakened up and was walking about when the officer found him.

A Challenge Declined.

The brainless musical critic of the *Mail*, who has less knowledge of the English language than comprehension of the fine arts, and not much of either, declined the polite challenge of Prof. Ebert, and urges as a reason for so doing that "the paper went to press" about the hour designated for the meeting. Just as we thought. A egresser or a pressman must have been the author of the egotistical criticism, and he has given evidence that he knows about as much of music as the speed of "Dexter." The grave and reverend editor of the *Mail* comes to the rescue of his hireling and patches up a threadbare defense for him, swallowing the important points in dispute and crying for mercy from the insolent public. Contemptible cowardism! Ignorance, enmity and conceit, blindness, envy and jealously marked the ill tempered and lame musical criticism of our contemporary, and cringe as it may it cannot better its position. We say to the editor, shake off the snarling, petty, impotent and egotistical fellow who has set himself in high place while his true position is at the foot of the ladder, and who, like a fly, fastens himself upon greater and nobler objects than himself, to magnify his own size and importance.

"Shew fly, don't bodder me."

Mortality Report.

The following is the list of interments in this city from the 6th day of February to the 14th day of February, 1870, as reported by Dr. J. Guy McCandless, Physician of Board of Health:

The causes of death were: catarrhal fever 1, typhoid fever 1, concussion of brain 1, consumption 6, tetanus 1, scarlet fever 5, pertussis 2, premature birth 1, pyaemia 1, chronic bronchitis 1, chronic diarrhoea 1, pneumonia 1, dipsomania 1, Bright's disease of kidneys 1, still born 1.

Of the above there were under 1 year, 5; from 1 to 2, 4; from 2 to 5, 1; from 5 to 10, 1; from 15 to 20, 0; from 20 to 30, 3; from 30 to 40, 1; from 40 to 50, 3; from 50 to 60, 1; 60 to 70, 1; 70 to 80, 2.

The total number of deaths were 23. Males 11; females 12. White 23; colored 0.

Books at Half Price.—Col. J. D. Egan, No. 41 Smithfield street, has a large and choice stock of rare and standard works on hand, which may be purchased at half the price they are marked to at other places. They comprise every department of literature, prose and poetry, some of which cannot be had elsewhere. Colonel Egan is also agent for some of the leading magazines, and will receive subscriptions or forward back numbers at any time. No. 41 Smithfield street is his establishment.

Ladies, if you want bargains, in fine dress or lace goods call at Moorheads No. 81, Market street. He has everything in the line of fancy trimmings, satins, velvets, laces, woolen goods, and an endless assortment of notions, and trinkets, for the toilet. Everything is new and fresh and of the latest style. Remember while out shopping, No. 81, **Market street.**

ALLEGHENY.

The police offices were unusually dull yesterday.

The Presbyterian church, in the Sixth ward, is enjoying a religious revival.

Councils will hold another meeting next Thursday night, when the new city code will be completed.

Mayor Callow yesterday issued a warrant for the arrest of J. Miller, charged with deserting his wife.

Double teams were required yesterday on the Rebecca street line of the Manchester Passenger Railway.

The Police received their new uniforms yesterday. The cost of each suit was 35 50—paid by the officer.

Mayor Callow disposed of eight cases yesterday, four of whom went to the workhouse. The others were fined and discharged.

The Water Committee of Councils have contracted for one hundred thousand bushels of nut coal for the water works at five cents per bushel.

At the Last communion service of the Second U. P. Church, Rev. J. B. Clark, Pastor, thirty additions were added to the roll of membership, fourteen of whom were from the Sunday school.

High Heeled Gaiters, a Grecian bend a twenty pound chignon and raiment to match, is the way an Allegheny belle puts on style while scrubbing the sidewalk in front of her residence.

The Pleasant Valley Passenger Railway cars made trips yesterday only between the Diamond and Washington streets,—beyond the latter point the track was completely obstructed by the snow.

Severe Fall.—Yesterday Mr. Jacob Sigmund, residing corner North avenue and East street, while descending a flight of steps on his premises, accidentally fell and broke three ribs in his right side. Medical attention was secured. He will recover.

Mayor Callow has furnished each of his officers with a neatly printed copy of the rules and regulations, defining their legal powers and duties. The rules enjoin particularly, courtesy to all, and prohibits, upon pain of dismissal, any officer smoking on the streets.

Featherstone's saloon, on Lacock st., was broken into at an early hour yesterday morning, the thieves cutting open the front door, picking the lock of the money drawer and securing five cents for their trouble. The operators departed suddenly, leaving their tools behind them.

The last heard from C. Klopper, the missing clothier of Allegheny, he was in Chicago. Mayor Callow has obtained a requisition from the Governor, and yesterday morning an officer with the documents started for that city in quest of the fugitives. The young girl who disappeared simultaneously with his departure has been brought home again. When the officer returns from Chicago the matter will be further investigated.

Sales of Real Estate.

The following sales of real estate were effected by Mr. A. Leggate, Auctioneer, this week, viz:

The property 72 Washington street, lot 62 by 260 with 10 room dwelling, for $14,750.

Also, a 113 acre farm of the Gibson estate, in Pine township, at $58 per acre.

Also, a 53 acre farm of same estate at $37 per acre.

Also, the lot corner of South Canal and Cherry streets, Allegheny, 46 by 100, for $2,975.

Also, the house and lot 79 Buena Vista street, lot 20 by 95, with four room brick house, for $2,720 cash.

Birthday Celebration.

Last evening, the birthday anniversary of our young friend W. H. Graham was celebrated at the residence of his father, Hon. James L. Graham, Irwin avenue. A genial company of friends gathered on the occasion to extend their felicitations and kindly good wishes to the recipient of the evening's honors. Music, social intercourse and general enjoyments, aided by a sumptuous collation with which the affair was agreeably diversified and brightened, whiled away the hours and united in forming one of the most pleasant and happy entertainments.

The young gentleman whose natal day was thus so memorably commemorated, is a youth of sterling worth and merit, admired and loved by a host of sequaintances and friends for his many excellencies of mind and heart. Uniting cordially with the well wishing throng in his brilliant and vigorous manhood, and hope each recurrence of the happy day may find him in a similar enjoyment of bright sunshine and prosperity.

Change of Charter.

A meeting of the pewholders in the North avenue M. E. Church has been called for this evening, to consider several proposed changes in the charter of the corporation. The most important of these is one affecting the ownership of the church property. As it is now this is held for the use of a M. E. congregation, by board of trustees elected annually by the pewholders. It is contemplated to so change the charter in this respect that it shall conform to the discipline and usage of the church, which would convey the ownership of the property into the hands of the Pittsburgh conference, to the bounds of which the church is located. This has been the practice heretofore, and it seems to have proved satisfactory generally, although in some instances conflict of authority has arisen on the point. The effect, however, if now made, is to make the trustees assume neither regulation; the members of the church and the Conference being in accord and working in harmony. The matter has been discussed for some time among the pewholders of this congregation, and thought a decision will be made by a regular vote. The other changes proposed are immaterial and have occasioned no division of sentiment.

Personalities.

CHIEF ENGINEER CROW is one of the oldest, as he was one of the best, firemen of the old volunteer Fire Department.

SUPERINTENDENT MCCANDLESS of the Fire Alarm office is something of an artist. A number of well executed sketches adorn his office.

MR. WILLIAM SEMPLE is the A. T. Stewart of Allegheny.

REV. GEORGE P. HAYS' Sabbath evening discourses are very popular.

EX-MAYOR DRUM is engaged in the lime trade.

REV. E. J. GRAY, of the North avenue M. E. Church, is a thorough revivalist without that insane excitability which characterizes some of the professionals, so-called.

CITY ENGINEER DAVIS is at home in his profession.

ALLEGHENY, in Treasurer MACFERRON, possesses one of the most thoroughly reliable and honest officials in the Union.

REV. DR. J. T. PRESSLY is the oldest, and Rev. J. R. Kerr the youngest minister in the city.

MR. J. W. HALL is one of the most efficient and popular members of Councils. He is chairman of the Finance Committee.

SENATOR GRAHAM and Representative Walton of the State Legislature will be in town to-day.

YOUNG LMAN WETJACH, of the Eighth ward, is spoken of in connection with the Mayoralty next term.

SOUTH SIDE.

Rusty.—Theresa Rust made information before Alderman Heisel yesterday against her husband, B. Rust, with abandonment. She alleges that he has deserted her and refused to provide for her support. He was arrested and held to bail for his appearance at Court.

Assault and Battery.—George Weinger made information before Justice Heisel charging William Brown with assault and battery. The parties were working together in an iron mill, when they got into a difficulty, when, it is alleged, the accused threw the deponent out of the mill. A warrant was issued.

Malicious Prosecution.

Frank Stauch has for some time past been annoyed and perplexed by vexatious suits brought against him, before Justice Conrad, by one Philip Koos, charging him with illegal liquor selling, and in order to put a stop to the annoyance he yesterday came to Justice Salisbury's office and made information charging Koos with bringing vexatious suits against him maliciously and without cause. A warrant was issued.

It appears that Koos has a confederate, one August Hahne, and Stauch made information, at the same time and place, charging him with perjury, alleging that he swore falsely in one of said suits before Justice Conrad. A warrant was issued for his arrest.

CALL FOR A NATIONAL CONVENTION.

Constitutional Recognition of Almighty God and the Christian Religion of the United States.

We have received the following call for publication:

The Constitution of the United States makes no acknowledgment of Almighty God, the Author of national existence, nor of Jesus Christ, who is the Ruler of Nations; nor of the Bible, which is the fountain of law and good morals as well as of religion. This has from the beginning been a matter of deep regret. It may have been an oversight, but it was, and it is, both an error and an evil. It does not reflect the views of the great majority of the people upon these great matters. It dishonors God. It is inconsistent with the character of nearly all our State Constitutions, and with all the precedents of our early history. It has introduced, or furthered, views and measures which are now struggling for a baneful ascendancy in State and national politics: such as, That civil government is only a social compact, That it exists only for secular and material, not for moral ends; That Sabbath Laws are unconstitutional, and that the Bible must be excluded from our Public Schools. It is easy to see that laws for the prevention of Intemperance, Blasphemy, Impurity or Cruelty, may be objected to on the same grounds, and, indeed, we may expect that law itself will be denounced as the mere advice of the majority, with no proper penalty but the disapprobation of the public.

The National Association which has been formed for the purpose of securing such an amendment to the Constitution of the United States as will remedy this great defect and indicate that we are a Christian nation, invite all American citizens who favor such an amendment, without distinction of party or creed, to meet in Convention in Pittsburgh, on Thursday, the Third day of March next, at 2 o'clock P. M.

William Strong, President of National Association. Hon. James Pollock, J. H. McIlvaine, D.D., Prof. of Political Science in Princeton College; Rev. Levi Scott, D.D., Bishop of the M. E. Church; O. O. Howard, Maj. Gen. U. S. Army, Vice President.

The following gentlemen concur in the foregoing call:

His Excellency, J. W. McClurg, Missouri, Hon. Wilson McCandless, Hon. John M. Kirkpatrick, Hon. F. H. Collier, Hon. Joseph Allison, Philadelphia, Taylor Lewis, LL.D., New York, John S. Hart, LL. D., New Jersey, Rt. Rev. F. D. Huntington, D.D., Central New York, Rt. Rev. J. B. Kerfoot, Rt. Rev. Manton Eastburn, Massachusetts, Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D.D., Rev. A. A. Hodge, D.D., Rev. J. T. Pressly, D.D., Rev. Samuel J. Wilson, D.D., Rev. Thomas Sproull, D.D., Rev. J. R. W. Sloane, D.D., Rev. Charles P. Krauth, D.D., Rev. S. F. Scovel, D.D., Rev. W. D. Howard, D.D., Rev. A. D. Ball, D.D., Rev. W. H. Lowrie, Rev. John Scarborough, Rev. George D. Hays, Rev. Samuel Laird, Rev. D. R. Kerr, D.D., Rev. Samuel R. Fisher, D.D., Rev. J. Edwards, D.D., Baltimore, Rev. J. H. A. Homberger, Philadelphia, Rev. C. G. Finney, D.D., Oberlin, Ohio, Rev. J. Blanchard, Illinois, Prof. O. N. Stoddard, LL.D., Ohio, Hon. J. K. Moorhead, Thomas M. Marshall, Esq., Amos A. Lawrence, Esq., Boston, George H. Stuart, Esq., Philadelphia, Prof. J. P. Wickersham, Ellis A. Apgar, New Jersey, S. S. Randall, New York, A. E. Barker, Pennsylvania, Anthony C. Hardy, New Hampshire, Thomas W. Bicknell, Rhode Island, Rev. W. J. Reid, Elder Thos. Dickson.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were admitted of record in the office of Thos. H. Hunter, Recorder for Allegheny county, Tuesday, Feb. 15th, 1870:

Philip Keis to Wm. H. Brown, October 15, 1869, 2 acres, 3 roods, 12.6-10 perches of land in Ross-both townships.....$1,000

S. Straubs to Wm. Fichet, July 16, 1869, 5 acres, 3 rods and 20 perches in Ridnick township.....$1,000

George Ober to Wm. Fisher, July 20, 1869, 4 acres, 3 roods and 37 perches in Ross township.....$1,000

Jex. Lane to Thomas Miller, January 15, 1870, lot 96 by 150 ft., on Federal st., Allegheny city.....$4,000

William J. Means to Mary Lane, February 18, 1868, about 16 by 160 ft., on Federal st., Allegheny city.....$1,200

Augustus Antze to Nunn, March 9, 1869, lot by 60 ft. on Joseph street, East Birmingham.....$1,400

J. N. Jarrett to Andrew Nunn, March 9, 1869, lot 20 by 60 ft. on same street as above.....$700

Samuel Hogey, attorney to John Logan, to James and Mary Kennedy, March 26, 1866, lot 16 by 55 ft., in Allegheny city on Franklin street.....$600

Wm. Fisher to Sophia Grover, Aug. 12, 1869, 2 acres and 91 perches in Union tp.....$2,000

S. H. Hunter to Wm. Fisher, July 2, 1869, 19 by 100 ft. on Rebecca street, Allegheny city.....$600

Nathan Stephens to Wm. Fisher, Nov. 27, 1869, lot on East Deer tp.....$1,000

Mary Ann Hall, executrix of Samuel Hall, to Wm. Fisher, 1870, lot 21 by 127 ft. on Wood's avenue, Pittsburgh.....$1,000

Philip T. Moss to Ernest Schneider, Feb. 14, 1870, lot 18 by 46 ft., Walnut alley, Birmingham.....$600

Robert Lindsay to Wm. Fisher, Feb. 14, 1870, school house lot on Point tp. to Eli Nead, Aug. 12, 1867, 50 by 140 ft., on Lydia street, Manchester.....$1,000

L. R. McAboy to Jacob Wills, Dec. 30, 1869, 12 acres and 100 perches in Mifflin township.....$1,000

John H. Fellger to Sarah Hahn, Sept. 23, 1869, lot 96 by 100 ft. in Twenty-third ward, Pittsburgh.....$1,000

John B. Rosch to Thos. O'Connell, Aug. 18, 1869, lot 25 by 100 ft., in 9th ward of Mt. Washington.....$375

Same to Jonah Malone, Jan. 31, 1870, lot 25 by 100 ft., in boro of Mt. Washington.....$375

Mary Stephens to Matthew Hall, Samuel Lutheran church of Kilbuck tp., dat. 8, 1870, 2 acres in Ohio tp.....$250

John M. Little to Thos. Gardner, Sept. 11, 1867, lot 50 by 200 ft. on Pine Creek road, Colmansburg.....$500

Wm. W. Shields to James William, April 5, 1869, 143 perches in village of Fayetteville.....$412

Wm. J. Radcliffe to David Wright, Jan. 1, 1869, 60 by 84 ft., corner o Townsend st. and ——— lane, Lawrenceville, Pittsburgh.....$6,000

J. C. Fulton to Geo. W. Hollis, Oct. 29, 1869, part of lot 87, 88 and 89 in Shaw's addition of said lots, 50 by 124 and 128 ft., in Reserve tract of Allegheny city.....$1,048

Wm. Shepherd to Thos. Gardner, April 11, 1870, lot 50 by 200 ft. on Pine Creek road, Colmansburg.....$500

Wm. Fisher to Jas. Kelly, April 26, 1870, lot 26 by 100 ft. on East Lane, Allegheny City.....$1,000

J. H. Nobles to Geo. McKee, Feb. 1, 1870, lot by 120 ft. on Ravine st., Thirteenth ward, Pittsburgh.....$1,000

Thos. J. Brereton to James Douglass, March 10, 1869, 20 by 100 ft., on alley in rear of Penn avenue.....$1,000

G. o. McKee to Jas. Douglass, Feb. 1, 1870, lot on Lathrop st., 17 h ward, 60 by 100 ft.....$500

Wm. J. Hamilton to Mary Hall, Feb. 11, 1870, 48 by 120 ft., on Ravine St., 13th ward, Pittsburgh.....$1,000

James Donaldson to Geo. McKee, Feb. 1, 1870, lot 20 by 81 ft., Ravine st., 13 h ward, Pittsburgh.....$1,000

Same to same, Feb. 1, 1870, lot on Lafayette alley 17 by 100 ft.....$400

Wm. H. McGee to John Ballantine, Dec. 2, 1869, lot on Beaver st. Allegh ny, 20 by 120 ft.....$450

James Calhoun to Martha Cowden, Feb. 2, 1869, 119 acres in Elizabeth township.....$10,800

Samuel Bell and Wm. Kinsey, Jr., to Robert Smith, 1869, lot in McKee port, 140 by 160 ft. on Walnut street.....$250

Edward Hazelton to Isaac Taylor, Feb. 15, 1870, same as above.....$800

FRIDAY, February 18, 1870.

Thomas Jamison to Geo. Kuhlman, Nov. 30, 1869, 20 acres in Scott township.....$7,000

W. J. Marden to James McGee, Jan. 1, 1869, lot 28 by 137 ft. in 20th ward, Pittsburgh.....$800

Andrew Craig to Jas. S. F. & J. N. Large, Oct. 16, 1869, lot 120 by 240 ft. on second st., Elizabeth township.....$400

Eliza V. Miller to John Anderson, February 7, 1870, tract of land in 22d ward, Pittsburgh.....$1,000

Andrew Alexander to James Jones, Oct. 2, 1869, 4 acr s and 1-2 perches in Greensburg.....$1,000

Elizabeth Alexander to Peter Sharp, Jr., Feb. 1, 1870, lot Nearhead Heary Whitehill, January 4, 1870, lot 82 by 187 ft. on Rural avenue, 19th ward, Pittsburgh.....$1,000

Pat. Swisteld to John Kaichhaver, January 28, 1870, lot No. 275 Warner & Painter's plan, Allegheny.....$1,500

Edmund Yard to W. H. Cassiday, Oct. 5, 1867, 34 acres in Fifth tp.....$1,000

Sheriff Fleming to Fred. Alwyster, Feb. 8, 1870, lot 19 by 140 ft. on Third st., Aleghe ny city.....$2,000

Wm. Kromer to Fred. Kromer, Feb.